

Design and Implementation of a TO-Let A Web Based Room Finder Application

Prof. Ashwini Wakodikar¹, Om Thakre², Rupanshu Yadav³

¹Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Application

^{2,3}PG Scholar, Department of Computer Application

K.D.K. College of Engineering, Nagpur, Maharashtra, India

Ashwini.wakodikar@kdkce.edu.in, thakreodevendra.mca24f@kdkce.edu.in,

yadavrabban.mca24f@kdkce.edu.in,

Abstract: *In today's fast-growing urban areas, finding rental rooms or houses has become a time-consuming and inefficient process when done manually. People often depend on brokers, advertisements, or physical visits, which increases time, cost, and effort. This creates a need for a digital system that can simplify and automate the process of searching and managing rental properties.*

This project focuses on the development of a web-based To-Let application that allows users to easily find and manage room listings through an online platform. The system enables users to add room details, view available rooms, update information, and delete listings as required. The application provides a simple and user-friendly interface for smooth interaction.

To demonstrate the practical use of the system, the application stores room details such as room type, price, location, and contact information in a database. The data is processed using backend technologies and displayed dynamically on web pages, making it easy for users to access updated information anytime.

The proposed system helps in reducing manual effort, saving time, and improving efficiency in managing rental data. It provides a reliable and flexible solution that can be further extended with advanced features such as user authentication, search filters, and online booking systems.

Keywords: Let System, Room Finder, Web Application, JSP, Servlet, MySQL, Rental Management, Web-Based Systems.

I. INTRODUCTION

With the rapid growth of urbanization and digital technology, the demand for rental rooms and housing has increased significantly in recent years. People frequently move to different cities for education, jobs, and business purposes, which creates a constant need for rental accommodations. However, finding suitable rooms through traditional methods such as brokers, advertisements, or physical visits is time consuming and often inefficient.

Traditional rental systems mostly rely on manual processes where users have to visit multiple locations or depend on middlemen. These methods work for small-scale requirements but become difficult to manage when the number of properties and users increases. Manual handling not only increases time consumption but also leads to lack of proper information and higher chances of errors.

A web-based solution provides a more efficient and accessible way to manage rental information. Users can easily interact with the system through a browser without installing any additional software. Web applications simplify the process by allowing users to view available rooms, compare options, and manage data in a centralized platform.

This project focuses on the development of a web-based To-Let (Room Finder) application. The system allows users to add, view, update, and delete room details through an easy-to-use interface. All the information is stored in a database and displayed dynamically on web pages. This approach improves efficiency, reduces manual effort, and provides a convenient solution for both room owners and users.



To demonstrate the usefulness of the system, basic room management operations such as adding room details, viewing available listings, and updating or deleting records are implemented. This application shows how a simple web-based platform can effectively solve realworld problems related to rental management.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW AND MOTIVATION

Several researchers have studied the development of web-based systems for managing rental properties and real estate information. Various online platforms have been designed to simplify the process of searching and listing rental rooms. These systems highlight the importance of easy accessibility, user-friendly interfaces, and centralized data management using web technologies. However, many of these systems are either complex or provide limited functionality for basic users.

Rental management has been an important area of study due to the increasing demand for housing in urban regions. Traditional methods mainly focus on manual handling of property information through brokers or physical records. While these methods work for smallscale applications, they are not efficient when dealing with a large number of properties and users. Manual systems increase time consumption and often lack proper data organization.

Several developers have proposed digital solutions to reduce manual effort in rental management. These systems generally include features such as property listing, searching, and basic data storage. While such applications improve accessibility, many of them lack full CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) functionality or require complex configurations. This limits their usability for general users who prefer simple and efficient systems.

With the advancement of web technologies, web-based rental management systems have gained popularity. These systems provide advantages such as platform independence, ease of access, and real-time data handling. Users can interact with the system through a browser, making it convenient and widely accessible. However, many existing systems focus mainly on viewing listings and do not provide complete management features for adding, updating, and deleting room data.

Room finder applications are widely used in real-world scenarios, especially in cities where people frequently relocate for work or education. While some platforms provide advanced features, they may require user registration, paid services, or complex navigation. This creates a need for a simple, efficient, and fully functional system that can handle room management operations effectively.

Overall, the literature indicates that although several web-based rental systems exist, there is limited availability of simple and efficient applications that provide complete room management functionality in an easy-to-use format. This gap motivates the development of the proposed web-based To-Let Management System.

Motivation

The motivation for this project arises from the practical challenges faced by people while searching for rental rooms in urban areas. In real-world scenarios, individuals often depend on brokers, advertisements, or personal visits to find suitable accommodations. This process is time-consuming, inefficient, and sometimes unreliable due to lack of proper information.

Existing solutions for rental management are either manual or partially digital. Many platforms require complex registration processes, paid services, or advanced technical knowledge, which limits their accessibility for general users. Additionally, most systems do not provide a simple and integrated platform where users can easily add, view, update, and delete room listings in one place.

This project is motivated by the need for a simple and efficient web-based application that can streamline the process of room finding and management. By providing a user-friendly interface and basic CRUD operations, the system reduces manual effort and improves data accessibility.

The To-Let (Room Finder) application is designed to offer a practical solution for both room owners and users by enabling easy management of rental data. This demonstrates how a simple web-based system can effectively solve real-world problems related to rental housing.



III. PROPOSED SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN

The proposed system is a web-based To-Let (Room Finder) application developed to simplify the process of managing rental room information. The application is designed using HTML and CSS for frontend development, JSP and Servlet for backend processing, and MySQL for database management.

The system enables users to add, view, update, and delete room details through a user-friendly interface. When a user submits room information, the data is processed by the backend and stored in the database. The stored data is then retrieved dynamically and displayed on web pages, ensuring real-time access to updated information.

The architecture of the system is designed to reduce manual effort by automating data storage, retrieval, and management processes. It follows a structured workflow where user input is validated, processed through server-side logic, and then integrated with the database for efficient data handling.

Unlike traditional manual systems, the proposed application provides a centralized platform for managing rental data. All operations are performed within a single system, making it efficient and easy to use. The results are displayed through an interactive web interface, making the system practical for real-world usage in rental management scenarios.

1) SYSTEM MODULES AND FUNCTIONAL COMPONENTS.

The system consists of the following major modules:

i) User Interface Module

This module provides the interface through which users interact with the system. It is developed using HTML and CSS. The interface includes pages for adding room details, viewing available rooms, editing information, and deleting records. It is designed to be simple, responsive, and user-friendly to ensure smooth interaction with the system.

ii) Add Room Module

This module allows users to add new room details into the system.

Users enter information such as room type, price, location, and contact details through a form. The entered data is sent to the backend using JSP and Servlet and stored in the MySQL database.

iii) View Room Module

This module is responsible for displaying the available room listings.

The system retrieves data from the database and dynamically displays it on the web page using JSP. Users can view all room details in an organized format.

iv) Edit Room Module

This module allows users to update existing room details.

Users can select a specific room record, modify the required fields, and submit the updated information. The changes are processed through the backend and updated in the database.

v) Delete Room Module

This module enables users to remove room listings from the system.

Users can delete specific records, and the system updates the database accordingly. This helps in maintaining accurate and up-to-date information.

vi) Database Management Module

This module handles all database operations using MySQL.



It manages data storage, retrieval, updating, and deletion. The module ensures proper communication between the backend (Servlet) and the database for efficient data handling.

2) SYSTEM ARCHITECTURAL LAYERS

The proposed system follows a multi-layered architecture to enhance modularity and maintainability.

Presentation Layer

Implemented using HTML and CSS, this layer provides the graphical user interface for the application.

It includes forms for adding room details, pages for viewing room listings, and options for editing and deleting records.

This layer ensures Smooth interaction between the user and the system.

Application Logic Layer

This layer is responsible for communication between the application and the database.

It handles database queries such as inserting new records, retrieving room data, updating existing information, and deleting records. This layer ensures efficient and secure data handling.

Data Access Layer

This layer is responsible for communication between the application and the database.

It handles database queries such as inserting new records, retrieving room data, updating existing information, and deleting records. This layer ensures efficient and secure data handling.

Database Layer

MySQL database is used to store all room-related information such as room type, price, location, and contact details.

This layer ensures structured data storage and allows efficient retrieval and management of data without data redundancy.

IV. METHODOLOGY AND SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

System Methodology

The proposed system follows a structured and sequential methodology to manage rental room data efficiently through a web-based platform. The methodology integrates user interaction, data input, backend processing, database management, and result presentation within a unified workflow.

The complete processing flow is described below:

A. User Authentication Process

The system begins with user interaction through the web interface.

Users access the application through a browser.

Users navigate to different pages such as add room, view rooms, edit, and delete.

Required inputs are entered through forms.

User requests are sent to the server for processing.

This ensures smooth and user-friendly interaction with the system.

B. Room Data Entry

Users can add new room details into the system.

Users fill in details such as room type, price, location, and contact.

The system validates the entered data.

Valid data is sent to the backend using JSP and Servlet.



Data is prepared for storage in the database.
This step ensures proper data collection and validation.

C. Data Storage

The entered data is stored in the MySQL database.
The Servlet receives the data from the frontend.
SQL queries are executed to insert records into the database.
Data is stored in structured format within the rooms table.
This ensures secure and organized data storage.

D. Data Retrieval

The system retrieves stored data for display.
The Servlet fetches data from the database using SQL queries.
Retrieved data is sent to JSP pages.
JSP dynamically displays the room details on the web interface.
This step ensures real-time access to stored information.

E. Data Update (Edit Functionally)

The Users can update existing room details.
The user selects a specific room record.
Existing data is displayed in editable form fields.
Updated data is submitted to the server.
The database is updated using SQL update queries.
This ensures data accuracy and flexibility.

F. Data Deletion

Users can remove unwanted room records.
The user selects a record to delete.
A delete request is sent to the server.
The system executes SQL delete queries.
The record is permanently removed from the database.
This helps in maintaining updated and relevant data.

G. Result Display

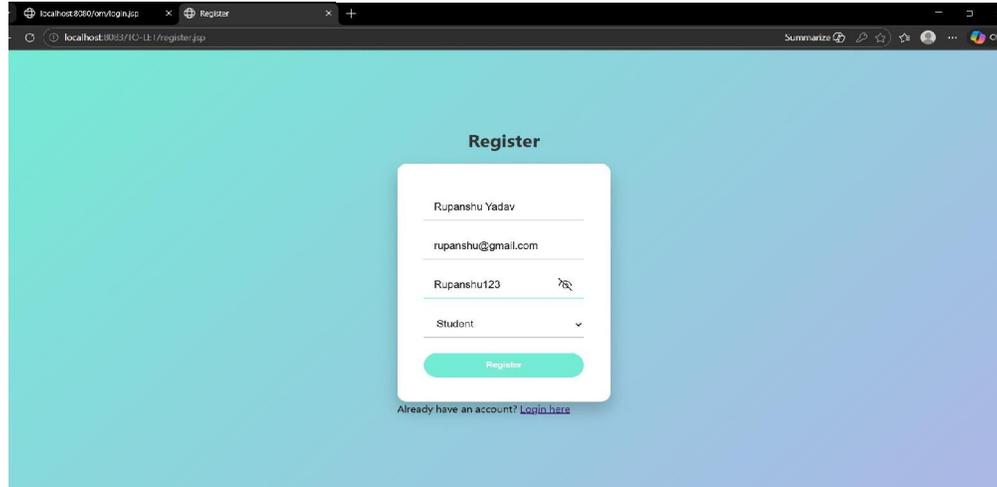
After processing operations:
Updated room data is displayed on the web interface.
Users can view all available room listings.
Changes such as add, update, or delete are reflected immediately.
This ensures clear presentation and efficient data management.

V. RESULTS

The proposed web-based To-Let application was tested by performing various room management operations such as adding, viewing, updating, and deleting room records. The system successfully stored room details in the database and retrieved them accurately for display on the web interface. All operations were performed smoothly with proper interaction between frontend and backend components.

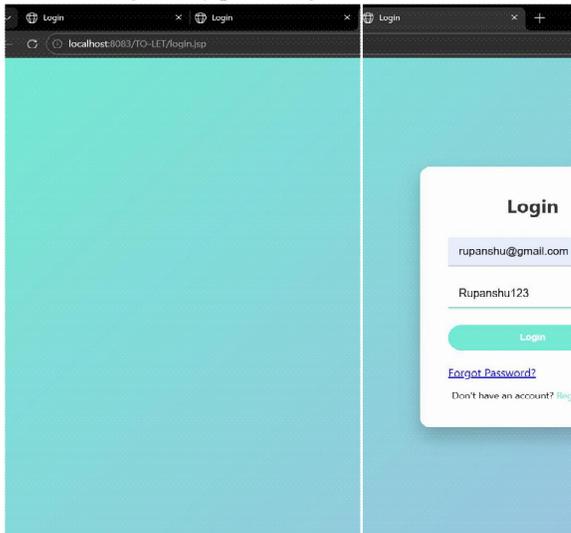


The application demonstrated stable performance during data handling and ensured that all changes were reflected in real-time on the user interface. It significantly reduced manual effort compared to traditional methods of managing rental information. Overall, the system achieved reliable performance and provided an efficient solution for managing room data under normal usage conditions.



Registration Page

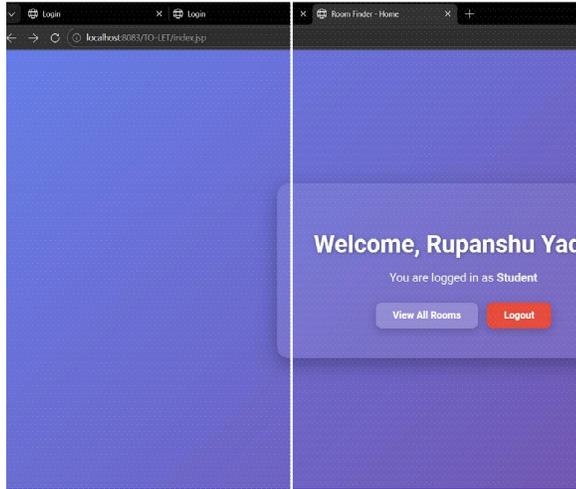
Enables users to register by providing basic details, which are stored securely in the database.



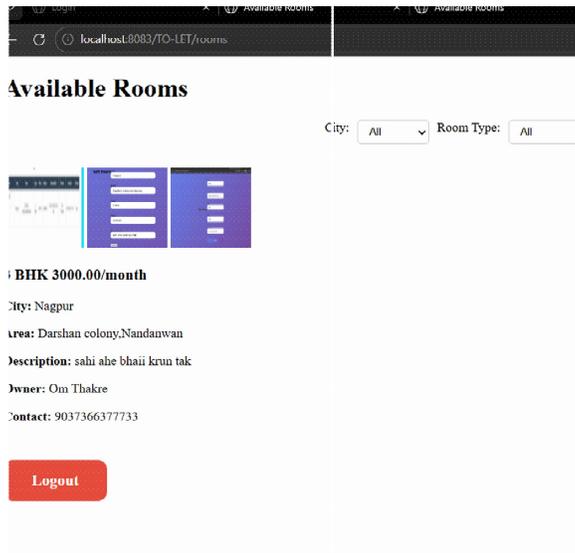
Login Page

Authenticates registered users by verifying their credentials before granting access to the system.



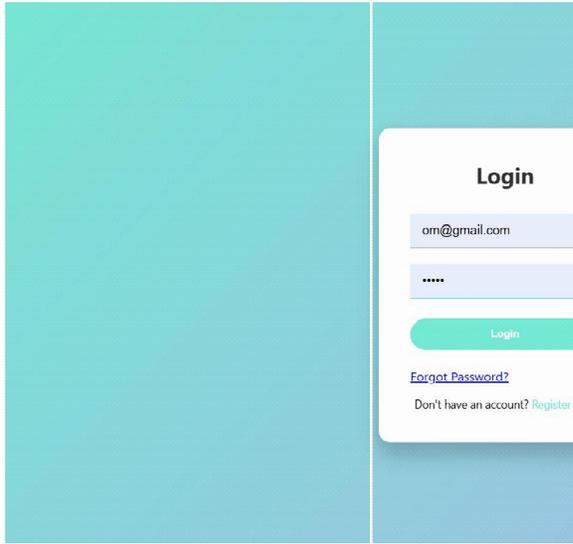


Welcome Page

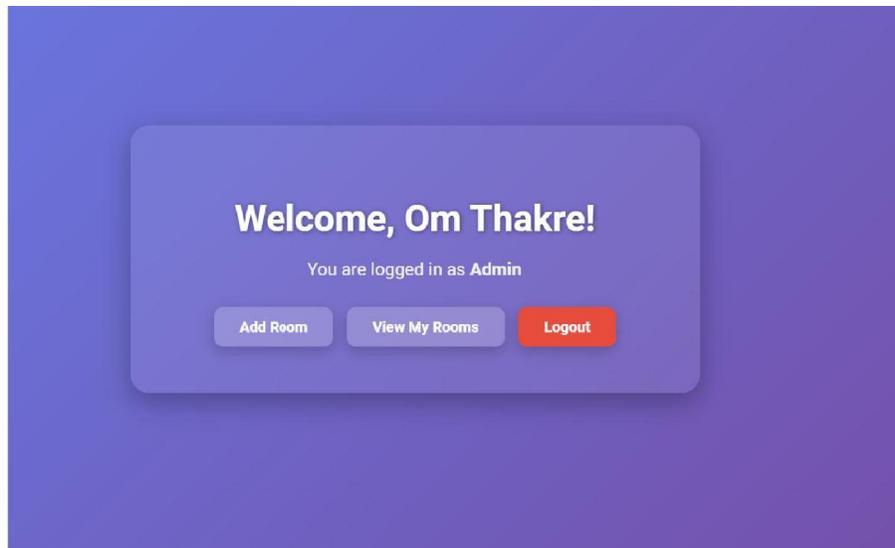


View Room Page



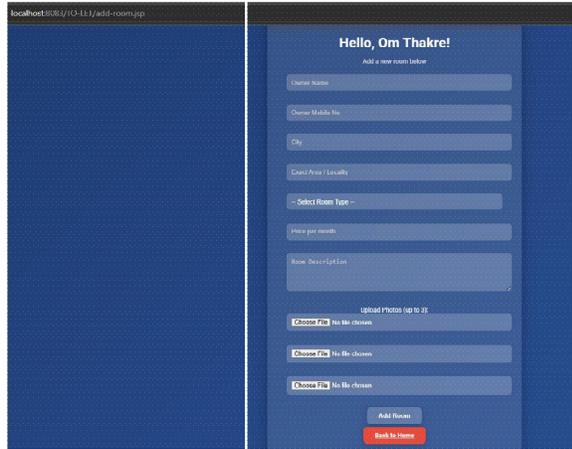


Admin Panel

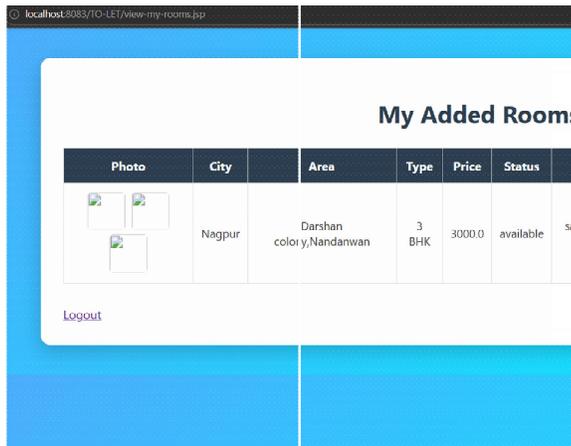


Welcome Page





Add Room Detail Page



My Added Rooms						
Photo	City	Area	Type	Price	Status	
	Nagpur	Darshan color y,Nandanwan	3 BHK	3000.0	available	sah

Added Room Page

V. COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS WITH EXISTING SOLUTIONS

Feature	Manual Method	Existing Single-Image Systems	Proposed System
Data Mangement	Not Organize	Partially Organized	Fully Organized
Automation Level	Low	Moderate	High
User Intreaction	Manual	Limited	User Friendly Interface
Processing Speed	Slow	Moderate	Fast



Data Accuracy	Depends on Human	Moderate	Improved
Crud Operation	Not Available	Limited	Fully Available
Web-Based	No	Yes	Yes
Database Integration	No	Limited	Yes
Scalability	Very Low	Moderate	High

VI. CONCLUSION

This research paper presented the design and implementation of a smart web application for automated bulk image processing, with vehicle number plate detection and recognition as a practical use case. The system demonstrates how web technologies can be effectively integrated with image processing techniques to handle large volumes of image data efficiently.

The application allows users to upload multiple images simultaneously and processes them through an automated workflow, including image preprocessing, number plate detection, and OCR-based character recognition. The results are displayed in a structured and userfriendly manner through a web-based interface, minimizing manual effort.

Experimental results indicate that the system performs reliably under standard image conditions and successfully automates batch image processing tasks. Although the current implementation is a prototype with certain limitations related to image quality and recognition accuracy, it effectively proves the feasibility of the proposed approach.

The modular architecture and separation of system components provide flexibility for future improvements, such as integrating advanced machine learning techniques and enhancing recognition accuracy.

Overall, the proposed system serves as a scalable and practical foundation for automated bulk image processing and can be extended for real-world applications in domains such as traffic monitoring, security systems, and smart city solutions.

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