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The Importance of Customer Relationship Management (CRM) in the Banking Industry

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Abstract: Service marketing places the customer as its main priority. Expert knowledge is necessary for designing products and services for the financial services business. The banking industry is the oldest and most crucial sector in the financial services business. CRM plays a crucial role in the service business by effectively acquiring and retaining clients for long-term efficiency. Relationship marketing was officially incorporated into the field of service marketing during the early 1990s. Banks realized that it was more lucrative to retain and incentivize current clients rather than actively seeking new ones. The fundamental objective of CRM is to obtain and retain consumers. Consequently, banks currently prioritize the attainment of thorough customer satisfaction, which signifies that the consumer is content and satisfied with the service. Therefore, the researcher's objective was to examine the degree of satisfaction with customer relationship management approaches in selected private sector banks in this study. Service providers, especially banks, are often concerned about their lack of comprehension regarding Customer Relationship Management (CRM). Financial institutions have their own strategies to sustain relationships with consumers.

Nevertheless, it is crucial to take into account the clients' opinion of banks' CRM efforts. By promptly addressing consumer demands through CRM activity, banks can enhance customer awareness and establish a significant client database. Thus, the importance of CRM can be emphasized by treating banking customers with utmost deference and respect. Consequently, banks are required to enhance consumer happiness by offering current financial services and delivering more user-friendly experiences, thereby ensuring that engaging in modern banking becomes a delightful experience for clients..

Keywords: Dedication, Customer Relationship Management, Fidelity, Banks Service Quality, and Confidence

I. INTRODUCTION

Customer relationship management is a customer management strategy that focuses on comprehending consumers as individuals rather than as a collective. CRM manages and supervises a company's interactions and connections with its customers. CRM and knowledge management are focused on improving and consistently providing high-quality customer services. In order to develop a more profound comprehension of customer relationship management, it is imperative that we initially grasp the three fundamental constituents: the customer, the relationship, and the management thereof. Effectively handling client contacts is crucial and advantageous for the prosperity of a company. Many institutions, such as banks, insurance companies, and other service providers, recognize the importance of Customer Relationship Management (CRM) and its ability to assist them in acquiring new clients, retaining current ones, and maximizing their long-term value. The banking sector is a customer-centric service where the primary focus is on the client. To foster a durable relationship with customers, it is imperative to engage in industry research to fully grasp their demands and opinions.

Customer Relationship Management (CRM) refers to the comprehensive set of marketing activities that are focused on creating, cultivating, preserving, and perpetuating a prosperous relationship with the desired client base. CRM is a strategic approach used by banks to identify their most profitable customers and potential customers. It involves targeting these individuals through personalized marketing, remarketing, discretionary decision making, and customized service. These efforts are carried out through the bank's different sales channels to strangthen and expand

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the customer's account relationships. In order to achieve success in implementing strategic organizational change, banks must effectively convey the change to their customers in a way that prompts them to alter their behavior and attitudes.

II. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

A Customer Relationship Management (CRM), as defined by Knox et al. (2003), is a strategic methodology aimed at enhancing stakeholder value. This includes improving the value received by customers, the value obtained by the organization, and the economic benefits of customer retention. This is achieved through the establishment of effective relationships with key customers and customer segments, as well as the integration of various channels and media. This integration encompasses the suitability and structure of channels and media, as well as the integration of multiple channels and multimedia. CRM integrates the functionalities of information technology and relationship marketing to cultivate enduring, profitable relationships.

According to Hedley Kimberley et al(2006), the retail banking business would have substantial obstacles in 2015. Customers' relationships with banks are both personalized and controlling. Banks will render traditional segmentation tactics and go-to-market approaches outdated. The method by which retail banks compete in the market will also experience substantial transformation.

According to Bargal Hitendra and Sharma Ashish (2008), banks should embrace a range of services, establish branches in shopping centers, implement a web-based system, institute a comprehensive training program, and establish a high-performance system to improve employee behavior. Additionally, banks should establish an effective customer complaint system and a performance-based appraisal system to enhance their overall services. Customers exert a substantial influence on the selection of a bank. Today, the factors that have the most impact on a consumer's choice of a bank are customer service, the number of years the bank has been in existence, and the bank's accessibility.

The study conducted by Das Kallol et al. (2009) examines the correlation between CRM best practices and the loyalty of high-value clients in the Indian retail banking sector. They developed highly efficient customer relationship management (CRM) techniques that can assist companies in achieving comprehensive CRM implementation. The data reveals that the State Bank of India and the Bank of Baroda lag behind their counterparts in other industries when it comes to executing optimal strategies.

Bank impressions are found to differ based on their size, as indicated by the Morpace Reports (2008) and Teller Vision (2009). Nevertheless, every bank possesses the potential to improve customer satisfaction by helping individuals accomplish their financial goals. Nevertheless, the analysis indicates that consumer satisfaction generally decreases as the size of the bank increases. Customers of national banks exhibit much lower levels of satisfaction compared to customers of regional or local banks, who in turn demonstrate lower levels of satisfaction than credit union clients.

Customer Retention Management (CRM) is a strategy employed by banking institutions to identify, keep, and enhance the loyalty of consumers in a highly competitive business landscape, as stated by Dr. K. Ganesamurthy et al. (2011). Customers' impressions of CRM in banks remain consistent regardless of customer classifications such as age, sex, education, occupation, income level, bank affiliation, account type, and length of affiliation.

Customer Relationship Management is currently a popular term in the business world, as it offers the potential for quicker customer service while also lowering expenses. Costs incurred by customers, enhanced customer satisfaction, greater client retention, and thus, customer loyalty. This is done with the intention of augmenting sales and profits. As per the company's goals, the most effective approach to achieve success is to recognize and fulfil the needs and preferences of customers. CRM is a comprehensive system designed to efficiently identify, target, acquire, and keep consumers. Customer Relationship Management enhances the understanding of customer requirements and fosters customer connections by offering tailored products and services with improved customer support. It establishes links across all subsystems in order to maintain a database of client connections, purchases, and technical assistance, among other things. This database facilitates the identification of consumer requests by the business, with the aim of improving the quality of its relationships with them. The customer holds supreme authority. Disregard the notion of providing consumers with special attention; numerous companies fail to serve their clientele with respect. Queuing to buy an item was a customary and anticipated practice. Customers buy tickets at airports because airlines keep them there.

Various enterprises, including banks, insurance companies, and other service providers, acknowledge the importance of Customer Relationship Management (CRM) in helping them acquire new clients, retain current ones, and optimize their

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long-term value. Currently, the IT and marketing departments must collaborate closely to guarantee the enduring loyalty of specific consumers by establishing a strong rapport with them.

The advent of globalization has facilitated the entrance of new generation international banks, specifically private sector banks, into the Indian banking market. According to multiple banking experts, the high-quality services offered by these modern banks have a notable influence on the attitudes and expectations of Indian banking customers. The banks provide services that are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. These services aim to enhance the quality of service across various channels. Phone banking and internet technologies have emerged as significant options for Indian banks in this context. Indian banks offer modern services such as Tele-banking, Internet banking, Mobile banking, and Automated Teller Machine (ATM) banking to enhance client service.

Research on the demographics and opinions of customers regarding customer relationship management (CRM) methods is becoming increasingly relevant in this environment. Several studies on the customer service aspects of the Indian banking industry have highlighted the significance of creating a robust Customer Relationship Management (CRM) system.

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has advised all public sector banks to implement advanced customer relationship management (CRM) systems through various touch points, including call centers, internet, email systems, and interactive kiosks, in all service units and support operations.

Additional research indicates that consumer relationship management (CRM) is becoming increasingly important in modern banks as it integrates customer demographics, company information, and Internet proximity into the existing technology landscape. The public sector commercial banks in India have been compelled to prioritize the changing client preferences and implement effective CRM strategies due to advancements in technology and global competitive pressures. This is particularly important considering the evolving consumer demographics.

Integration of CRM Technology into Financial System

The advent of the Information Technology revolution had a significant impact on the Indian banking business. The implementation of computer software enabled the establishment of India's internet banking system. Due to the economic liberalisation in 1991 and the banking sector's integration with the global market, there has been a significant rise in the adoption of modern innovation and computerization in India's banking industry. Indian banks faced challenges in matching the customer service and computer system and software offerings of global banks.

Dr. C. Rangarajan, the Deputy Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, led the Committee on Mechanism in the Banking Sector, which was formed in 1984 without the utilization of computer technology. The committee's primary recommendation was to implement MICR Technology in all banks located in the metropolitan area of India. It provided us with standardized check forms and a reliable system for encoding and decoding.

The Committee on Computerization in Banks was established by the Reserve Bank of India in 1994. Chaired by Dr. C.R. Rangarajan, its main focus was on computerizing settlement operations in the clearing houses of the Reserve Bank of India located in Bhubaneswar, Guwahati, Jaipur, Patna, and Thiruvananthapuram. Furthermore, it is imperative to ensure the functionality of MICR and establish a National Clearing system for inter-city checks in Kolkata, Mumbai, Delhi, and Chennai. It also highlighted the automation of financial services in all branches and the enhancement of computerized communication between branches. Furthermore, it recommended the implementation of online banking services.

The committee released reports in 1989, and the process of computerizing all branches commenced in 1993 after the IBA and the bank employees organization reached an agreement. The Committee on Technology Issues Relating to Payments System, Cheque Clearing, and Securities Settlement in the Banking Sector was formed in 1994, with the guidance of Shri.WS Saraf, the Executive Director of the Reserve Bank of India. The text emphasized the Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) method, which utilizes the internet as its medium. The document also specified that all banks with more than 100 branches must adopt MICR clearance.

III. CONCLUSION

Based on the general agreement, the bank has not yet formulated a comprehensive strategy that gives priority to customer needs and successfully fulfils them. The survey reveals that the bank has not yet implemented a customer-

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centric approach for both its customers and workers. For customer relationship management to meet expectations, it must play an integrative role inside the bank and guarantee that all procedures are incorporated into the bank's global strategy, which is not the case according to the aforementioned report. Customer loyalty is mostly influenced by the following: efficient complaint response, superior service quality, and a positive staff attitude.

Integrity, Honesty, and Dependability are also essential factors in customer references. CRM is without a doubt taking over the business world and is crucial to compete effectively in today's market. A proper strategic alliance between various partners in the process of implementing CRM must be determined in advance, and once the concept is accepted, it must be implemented in good faith and spirit in order to generate customer satisfaction.

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