

# Solar Based E-Uniform for Soldier, Used for Temperature Control and GPS Tracking

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**Abstract:** *Soldiers deployed in extreme environments face significant challenges due to fluctuating weather conditions, which can lead to heat exhaustion, hypothermia, or dehydration. Traditional military uniforms offer limited thermal protection, requiring additional layers that may hinder mobility. This paper proposes a Solar-Based E-Uniform that integrates solar power, Peltier-based temperature regulation, GPS tracking, a landmine detection system, and GSM-based communication to enhance soldier safety and operational efficiency. The system is designed to function in summer and winter modes, adjusting body temperature as needed. Using thin-film solar panels embedded in the fabric, energy is harvested and stored in a 12V DC lead-acid rechargeable battery. The uniform also includes a landmine detector to identify explosive threats, improving battlefield safety. Additionally, the emergency alert system ensures real-time distress communication in critical situations. This smart uniform aims to improve survivability, increase endurance, and optimize energy usage in combat zones and remote locations. By integrating advanced materials, renewable energy, and threat detection technology, the proposed system significantly enhances soldier protection and operational efficiency.*

**Keywords:** Solar energy, e-uniform, temperature regulation, GPS tracking, Landmine Detector

## I. INTRODUCTION

Military personnel often face harsh environmental conditions that impact their ability to perform efficiently. Whether deployed in extreme cold or excessive heat, soldiers are vulnerable to hypothermia, heatstroke, dehydration, and fatigue, which significantly affect operational readiness. Conventional military uniforms provide minimal protection against extreme weather and lack active temperature regulation, making it difficult for soldiers to function optimally in adverse conditions. To address these challenges, researchers have developed a Solar-Based E-Uniform, designed to offer enhanced thermal protection and smart functionalities. This advanced uniform integrates solar panels, Peltier modules, temperature sensors, GPS tracking, and health monitoring sensors, all powered by a 12V DC rechargeable battery. By utilizing solar energy, the uniform ensures a sustainable and renewable power source for its electronic components. A key feature of the Solar-Based E-Uniform is its dual-mode operation (summer and winter mode). The uniform automatically adjusts body temperature based on the ambient environment. During extreme heat, the cooling function is activated, utilizing thermoelectric cooling technology (Peltier modules) to dissipate excess body heat. Conversely, in cold conditions, the heating function warms the soldier using battery-powered resistive heating elements. In addition to temperature regulation, the uniform is equipped with GPS and GSM modules, enabling real-time location tracking and emergency communication. In high-risk combat zones, this ensures enhanced situational awareness and rapid response during critical situations. Moreover, a metal detector embedded in the fabric helps identify potential threats like landmines and explosives. The wearable technology embedded in the e-uniform includes biometric sensors that monitor heartbeat, body temperature, and physical activity levels, transmitting real-time health data to command centers. This proactive health monitoring system ensures timely medical intervention and enhances overall safety. By integrating renewable energy sources, smart sensors, and advanced materials, the Solar-Based E-Uniform significantly enhances soldier endurance, comfort, and operational efficiency. This research aims to optimize energy



efficiency, improve battlefield performance, and enhance soldier survivability in extreme climates, making it a revolutionary innovation in military technology.

## II. AIM & OBJECTIVES

To develop a Solar-Based E-Uniform with solar power, temperature control, GPS tracking, landmine detection, and communication for enhanced soldier safety. Assess health and environmental impacts.

Use solar power for continuous energy.

Implement Peltier modules for temperature regulation.

Enable GPS tracking for real-time monitoring.

Integrate landmine detection for threat awareness.

Develop GSM communication for emergency alerts.

Ensure lightweight, durable, and weather-resistant design.

Optimize energy management for efficiency.

## III. LITERATURE REVIEW

### Paper 1: "Solar-Based E-Uniform for Soldiers"

*Authors: Maneesh Kumar Srivastava, Sandeep Bhatia, Mudit Dwivedi, Kritika Pandey, Kollur Ragini (2020)*

**Summary:** This paper discusses an innovative solar-powered e-uniform designed for soldiers working in extreme weather conditions. The uniform integrates a Peltier plate for temperature regulation, GPS for real-time tracking, GSM for communication, and a metal detector for landmine detection. The system operates in summer and winter modes, utilizing a 12V DC lead-acid rechargeable battery for energy storage.

### Paper 2: "Implementation of Solar-Based E-Uniform for Soldiers"

*Authors: Geetha B., Shreya B. M., Sushma R., Jayashree D. P., Soundarya K. R. (2024)*

**Summary:** This research presents an advanced solar-powered e-uniform incorporating a Soldier Health Monitoring System (SHMS). It includes sensors for real-time health tracking, GPS-based location monitoring, and a Peltier-based body temperature control system. The uniform enhances soldier safety through real-time emergency alert systems.

### Paper 3: "E-Uniform for Soldiers Who Work at Extreme Temperature-Regions"

*Authors: A. Abirami, K. Aravinth, L. Boominathan, S. Naveenraj, R. Priyadharshini (2023)*

**Summary:** Focuses on the integration of renewable energy sources in military applications. The paper highlights the use of solar panels to power embedded electronic components within the uniform. The uniform employs PIC16F877A microcontrollers and H-Bridge ICs to drive heating and cooling functions, ensuring soldiers' adaptability to harsh climates.

### Paper 4: "Design and Fabrication of Solar-Based E-Jacket for-Soldiers"

*Authors: Rahul Khairamode, Rutik Patil, Rahul Khangoukar, Vinayak Nagarale (2022)*

**Summary:** Explores the design of a solar-powered e-jacket featuring flexible photovoltaic cells and a lightweight, rechargeable battery. The uniform integrates GPS tracking and a landmine detection system while ensuring weight distribution to optimize soldier mobility and efficiency. would have the double benefit of mitigating climate change and improving public health.

### Paper 5: "IOT-Based Soldier Tracking and Health Monitoring-System"

*Authors: Various Researchers (2024)*

**Summary:** This paper discusses the role of IoT in enhancing military uniform functionality. It integrates real-time tracking, temperature control, and emergency alert mechanisms into a single system. The research suggests that solar-powered IoT-based uniforms can significantly improve operational efficiency and soldier survivability.



Paper 6: "**Advancements in Solar-Based Military Wearables**"

*Authors: Various Researchers (2023)*

Summary: This study focuses on the integration of advanced solar technologies into military uniforms. It discusses the feasibility of high-efficiency photovoltaic cells that enhance energy harvesting for various embedded military applications. The research highlights improvements in battery life, weight optimization, and operational sustainability for modern e-uniforms.

#### **IV.METHODOLOGY**

The implementation of the **Solar-Based E-Uniform for Soldiers** involves multiple components and processes to enhance the operational efficiency and safety of soldiers deployed in extreme environments.

##### **Power Generation & Storage**

The uniform integrates **thin-film solar panels** embedded in the fabric to harness solar energy. This energy is stored in a **12V DC lead-acid rechargeable battery**, ensuring continuous power supply even in low-light conditions. A **power management circuit** optimizes energy distribution to various components.

##### **Temperature Regulation System**

The e-uniform operates in **two modes: summer and winter**. The **Peltier module** is utilized to maintain optimal body temperature by providing both **heating and cooling effects**. An **H-Bridge IC** controls the polarity of the current, ensuring the Peltier module functions as required in different climatic conditions.

##### **GPS & GSM Tracking System**

A **GPS module** is integrated into the uniform to enable **real-time location tracking**. This is crucial for monitoring soldiers' movements in remote or hostile environments. The **GSM module** facilitates communication with the command center, allowing distress signals to be sent in emergencies.

##### **Landmine Detection System**

A **metal detector module** is embedded in the boots or knee pads of the uniform. This system continuously scans for metallic objects underground, providing an early warning signal in case of potential landmines or hidden explosives. An alert system, consisting of a **buzzer and LED indicator**, warns the soldier upon detection.

##### **Wearable Sensor Integration**

The uniform includes **temperature sensors** that continuously monitor external environmental conditions. This data is fed into a **microcontroller (PIC16F877A or Arduino)**, which makes real-time decisions to adjust the heating or cooling system accordingly.

##### **Fabric & Durability Considerations**

The uniform is made of **high-strength, weather-resistant materials** to withstand extreme temperatures, moisture, and mechanical stress. The integration of **flexible electronics** ensures that the added functionalities do not compromise mobility.

This methodology ensures that the **Solar-Based E-Uniform** provides soldiers with **enhanced survivability, real-time tracking, environmental adaptation, and explosive detection capabilities**, making it a crucial advancement in military wearable technology.

#### **V.OBSERVATION**

##### **Energy Efficiency and Self-Sustainability**

The solar energy harvesting system operates efficiently, ensuring that soldiers can rely on renewable power sources for extended missions without depending on external energy supplies. The smart power management system optimizes energy distribution, preventing unnecessary battery drain.

##### **Adaptive Temperature Regulation**

The temperature control system dynamically adjusts based on external climatic conditions, ensuring that the soldier's body remains at an optimal temperature. The temperature sensors and automated response mechanisms allow for seamless transitions between heating and cooling modes.



#### **Enhanced Battlefield Awareness with GPS & GSM**

The GPS module provides accurate real-time tracking, which enhances troop coordination and soldier positioning in critical operations. The GSM-based emergency alert system ensures that distress signals are promptly transmitted to command centers, reducing response time in emergencies.

#### **High-Precision Landmine Detection**

The metal detector embedded in the uniform detects metallic objects, including landmines and buried explosives, with high accuracy. The buzzer and LED alert system effectively notifies soldiers of potential threats, preventing accidental detonations and improving battlefield safety.

#### **Improved Ergonomics and Soldier Mobility**

The integration of thin-film solar panels and lightweight materials ensures that the uniform remains non-restrictive, allowing soldiers to move freely. The uniform balances the weight of electronic components to prevent discomfort and fatigue during prolonged wear.

#### **Resilience Against Harsh Conditions**

The uniform is designed for durability, withstanding high humidity, heavy rain, dust, and mechanical stress. The weatherproofing materials and reinforced stitching ensure long-term operational reliability in extreme environments.

#### **Future Enhancements and Scalability**

The uniform design allows for future upgrades, such as advanced cooling fans, smart textiles, and IoT-based monitoring. Additional improvements, including AI-powered soldier health diagnostics and real-time environmental adaptation, could further increase soldier efficiency and survivability.

### **VI. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

- Consistent Energy Harvesting:** The thin-film solar panels provided a steady power supply, ensuring all electronic components functioned effectively throughout day and night with energy stored in the 12V DC rechargeable battery.
- Optimized Power Management:** The intelligent energy distribution system ensured efficient battery usage, prioritizing temperature regulation, tracking, and communication to prevent energy depletion.
- Adaptive Temperature Control:** The Peltier module effectively regulated body temperature, switching between heating and cooling modes using an H-Bridge IC, ensuring soldier comfort in extreme weather conditions.
- Accurate GPS and GSM Communication:** Soldiers were continuously tracked via GPS, allowing real-time location monitoring. The GSM module enabled emergency alerts, ensuring quick response times in distress situations.
- High-Precision Landmine Detection:** The metal detector module demonstrated high sensitivity to buried explosives and metallic objects, reducing battlefield risks and casualties.
- Improved Soldier Mobility:** Despite multiple embedded electronic components, the uniform remained lightweight and flexible, allowing full range of motion without compromising combat effectiveness.
- Weather-Resistant and Durable:** The uniform was tested against rain, dust, high humidity, and mechanical stress, proving long-term durability in rugged environments.
- Minimal Maintenance Requirements:** The components were ruggedized to withstand harsh military conditions, reducing the need for frequent repairs or replacements.
- Enhanced Situational Awareness:** The integration of real-time environmental monitoring allowed soldiers to respond proactively to changing battlefield conditions.
- Potential for Future Enhancements:** The modular nature of the system enables AI-powered health tracking, IoT-enabled real-time diagnostics, advanced threat detection, and improved energy storage solutions.
- Sustainable and Renewable:** By utilizing solar energy, the uniform reduces reliance on external power sources, making it a sustainable solution for long-duration military missions.



•**Significant Military Application Potential:** The Solar-Based E-Uniform provides a technological advantage by enhancing survivability, efficiency, and mission success, making it a revolutionary step in military wearable technology.

## VII. FUTURE SCOPE

The future scope of the Solar-Based E-Uniform for Soldiers involves several advancements to enhance its efficiency, durability, and adaptability for modern military applications. The integration of high-efficiency photovoltaic cells and larger solar panels can significantly improve power generation, ensuring sufficient energy supply for all embedded components. Additionally, advancements in battery technology, such as solid-state or graphene-based batteries, can provide higher energy storage capacity while reducing the overall weight of the uniform. Further enhancements in temperature regulation systems, including high-performance cooling fans or phase-change materials, can optimize body temperature management for soldiers operating in extreme climates.

Improvements in connectivity and real-time monitoring through satellite communication and IoT-based systems can enhance data transmission, allowing command centers to track soldiers with greater precision. The uniform can also be adapted for different combat environments, such as desert, arctic, and jungle regions, by integrating region-specific materials and thermal adjustment technologies. To enhance battlefield security, AI-based threat detection and smart camouflage technology could be integrated, providing automated risk assessment and environmental blending capabilities.

The use of self-healing fabrics and advanced wear-resistant materials can extend the uniform's lifespan, reducing frequent maintenance requirements and enhancing its ruggedness in combat zones. Additionally, the incorporation of lightweight, flexible electronic circuits will ensure seamless integration of advanced features without compromising mobility or comfort. These advancements will further solidify the Solar-Based E-Uniform as a next-generation military solution, offering soldiers superior protection, adaptability, and efficiency in the field.

## VIII. CONCLUSION

The Solar-Based E-Uniform for Soldiers has been successfully designed and tested to provide enhanced protection and operational efficiency in extreme weather conditions. The uniform integrates solar power, temperature regulation through Peltier modules, GPS tracking, GSM communication, and landmine detection. The system efficiently harnesses solar energy to charge a 12V DC battery, ensuring continuous operation. The temperature regulation mechanism effectively switches between heating and cooling modes, improving the comfort and endurance of soldiers in varying environmental conditions. GPS and GSM modules enhance real-time location tracking and emergency communication, ensuring swift response times. The integration of a metal detector further improves safety by detecting potential threats such as landmines. The results demonstrate that the proposed uniform enhances soldier survivability while maintaining lightweight and flexible wearability, making it a practical solution for modern military applications.

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