

Landmine Detecting Robot

**Prof. Elia. R. Chandane¹, Asha Patil², Pradanya Bokephode³, Aaditi Shete⁴,
Aditi Kulkarni⁵, Diksha Rajwani⁶**

Assistant Professor, E&TC, Shree Siddheshwar Women's College of Engineering, Solapur, India, Solapur, India¹
Students, E&TC, Shree Siddheshwar Women's College of Engineering, Solapur, India, Solapur, India^{2,3,4,5,6}

Abstract: *The Landmine detecting robots are designed to cover maximum possible area of landmine field for detection of landmines. The detected landmines along with scanned and leftover area are represented on a visual map with accuracy in millimeters. This paper presents a prototype model of land mine detecting robot that is powerful yet low cost and easily controllable. A graphical user interface is developed for plotting the landmines, scanned & leftover area presentation, PID tuning and camera alignment. Emphasis is placed on the control of the differential drive robot in auto mode, semi-auto mode and the manual mode. Image processing technique is employed to find the accurate position of robot which provides the live reckoning feedback to the dead reckoning servo control of the robot. Metal detector is the sensor used to detect landmines. The graphical user interface for the remote terminal computer provides the effective control for the robot. The system is simple but powerful and intelligible to achieve the required results.*

Keywords: Metal detector, Robot, Military Bomb disposal, GPS, Aurdunio, Microcontroller

I. INTRODUCTION

Landmines – buried remnants of conflict – continue to pose a deadly threat worldwide, claiming lives and limbs long after wars have ended. These indiscriminate weapons lurk beneath the soil, often in regions now struggling to rebuild. But a new hope is emerging from the field of robotics: landmine-detecting robots. These technological saviors are poised to revolutionize the way we approach demining, bringing safety and efficiency to a process that is historically slow, dangerous, and heartbreakingly necessary[1-12].

Robots can be utilized to complete work in perilous zones and can be used to manage troublesome instability levels in such areas. Gradually robots are becoming dynamically vital for standard subject applications, for instance, Urban Hunt and Salvage and military applications. A variety of small robotic applications now arising where robots are utilized to complete an assortment of errands. By and large, robots are still utilized for unsafe work which is dangerous for humans, e.g., control automaton[13-25], spy robot, salvage robot, therapeutic operation[26-35] and so forth. Robots are known to perform tasks automatically without much human intervention, except for initial programming and instruction set being provided to them. From a broad view, robotics is actually the continuous endeavour of robotics engineers to make machines capable of performing tasks as delicately as human can do and also the complicated, tough and repeated tasks which humans would prefer not to do[36-56].

The advancements in the field robotics are made possible by use of microprocessors and microcontrollers with the intelligent combination of them with servo motors, sensors and actuators. Metal detecting robot is utilized to search for metal objects covered up in ground. Military bomb disposal specialists use metal detectors to scan for area mines covered up beneath streets and in mine fields. Electricians also use metal detectors to scan for electrical cables hidden in walls. At airplane terminals, metal finders are utilized to scan travellers for metal protests, for example, cuts and firearms. For searching old combat zones and historical sites. Hoping to find treasures, jewellery and old coins, metal detectors is frequently used. In food factories, they are used to check and verify that no metal things have fallen from industrial factory into the food unintentionally[57-76].

This project focuses on designing and developing a robotic vehicle that can sense metal in front of it on its way like detecting land mines. A metal detector circuit interfaced to the control unit that alarms the user about a suspected metal ahead. The metal detector circuit is mounted on a robotic vehicle and its operation is to detect metals underneath automatically. Researchers proposed several methods to promote the metal detection robot for identifying strong and weak conductive metals. Here, we aim to make a robot and to connect the metal detector circuit to it.

- **Remote Controlled Technology:** Proposes Remote controlled technology that detects using Beagle Bone Black in embedded system domain. This project works with the proximity sensor as its metal detector. When the metal is detected it sends the output to the mail. The signal getting from RF transmitter through RF receiver is also sent to the Beagle Bone Black. The Beagle Bone Black directly cannot drive the motors. So Beagle Bone Black sends the output to the L293 motor driver. This motor driver runs the motors. The advantage of this technology is Improvement of detection rate. This project can be further enhanced by using live streaming and used wireless by using Wi-Fi modules in the robot[1].
- **Efficient Design of a Metal Detector:** Proposed Efficient Design of a Metal Detector Equipped Remote-Controlled Robotic Vehicle using Bluetooth communication and Android smart phone; mobile app Technology. This project focuses on designing and developing a robotic vehicle that can sense metals in front of it on its way like detecting land mines. Aims at reducing the cost of production, so this robotic system can be deployed in a low budget situation, which is typical in the developing and the underdeveloped world. The one drawback to any locator design is its requirement of a coil, which must be very precisely and inflexibly positioned[2].
- **IOT controlled Metal Detecting Robot:** proposes IOT controlled metal detecting robot with remote video transmission to assist bomb detection and rescue team using RPI. The technology OS used in Raspberry pi is Linux. The important advantage of this project is Remote Operation. Industries are using IoT solutions for monitoring, control, process, inventory tracking, data links and bar code reading devices[4].
- **Internet of Things (IoT) Integration:** The integration of IoT technologies with ammonia detection systems has unlocked new avenues for data collection, analysis, and decision-making. By connecting sensors to cloud-based platforms, users can access real-time monitoring data, receive alerts, and leverage predictive analytics for proactive management of ammonia-related risks [7].

For decades, the painstaking work of landmine removal has been primarily carried out by brave individuals, armed with metal detectors and sheer courage. This method, while vital, is incredibly time-consuming and exposes deminers to immense risk. Each sweep of the soil could trigger a buried explosive, a terrifying reality for those on the front lines. This is where robotics comes in, offering a safer and potentially faster alternative[77-89].

How Do These Robots Work?

The designs of landmine-detecting robots vary, but they generally incorporate a combination of advanced technologies:

- **Metal Detectors:** Like their human counterparts, many robots utilize highly sensitive metal detectors to identify the metallic components of landmines.
- **Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR):** These systems use radio waves to create detailed images of the subsurface, allowing robots to detect not just metal but also the shape and size of buried objects.
- **Infrared Sensors:** These sensors can detect subtle differences in temperature between the soil and buried landmines, which can be particularly useful in certain environments.
- **GPS and Mapping Technology:** Robots can meticulously map the areas they've surveyed, ensuring no ground is left unchecked and providing valuable data for human deminers.
- **Autonomous Navigation:** Some sophisticated robots can navigate complex terrain autonomously, further enhancing efficiency and reducing the need for human intervention.
- **Robotic Arms and Manipulators:** Some designs incorporate robotic arms that can carefully excavate and even neutralize landmines in some instances, under the supervision of trained personnel.

The benefits of using robots in landmine detection are clear:

- **Enhanced Safety:** The most significant advantage is the reduction of risk to human deminers. Robots can enter dangerous areas and conduct searches without putting lives on the line[90-95].
- **Increased Efficiency:** Robots can work longer hours and cover more ground than humans, speeding up the process of demining[96-105].
- **Improved Accuracy:** With various sensors working in tandem, robots can often detect landmines that might be missed by traditional methods[106-112].

- **Data Collection:** Robots can collect valuable data about the location and types of landmines, which can be used for future operations[113-119].
- **Access to Difficult Terrain:** Some robots are designed to navigate challenging landscapes such as steep hills, dense vegetation, or flooded areas where it's too dangerous for humans to work[120,121].

While landmine-detecting robots hold enormous promise, there are still challenges to overcome. The cost of developing and deploying these sophisticated machines can be significant. Also, adapting robots to rapidly changing conditions in the field requires ongoing research and development. False positives can be another issue, causing delays and requiring human verification.

Despite these challenges, the future of landmine detection looks increasingly robotic. As technologies advance and become more affordable, we can expect to see more widespread use of these invaluable tools. Future robots might even be capable of completely autonomously locating, neutralizing and deactivating landmines, making the world a safer place, one step at a time.

The development of landmine-detecting robots is not just about improving existing methods; it represents a fundamental shift in how we approach the problem of landmines. It's a testament to human ingenuity and a commitment to using technology to alleviate suffering. These robots offer a crucial tool in the global effort to create a mine-free world, allowing communities to rebuild, children to play safely, and generations to live free from the fear of these silent killers.

III. PROBLEM IDENTIFIED

There are many things that can interfere with the proper operation of a metal detector. Easily 80% of "metal detector" problems are found to be caused by outside influences rather than the metal detector itself. Today's metal detectors are sophisticated electronic devices. Because the metal detector is made of a transmitting and receiving antenna, it is susceptible to other signals that might be present in the area. The best method to minimize the interference is to place a shield around the possible source and electrically ground the shield.

IV. SYSTEM OVERVIEW: HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE COMPONENTS AND BLOCK DIAGRAM

Software:

The system utilizes the Arduino IDE for programming and Proteus for simulation and circuit design.

Hardware:

Key hardware components include an Arduino Uno microcontroller, a Metal Detector Sensor, UltraSonic Sensor a 16x2 LCD display, a buzzer, a breadboard, and a GSM and GPS module for communication.

SOFTWARE used

1. Arduino Uno
2. Proteus

Hardware used

1. 16 x 2 LCD display
2. Metal Detector Sensor
3. UltraSonic Sensor
4. Arduino Uno
5. Buzzer
6. Bread Board
7. GSM Module
8. GPS Module

The following Fig.1 Shows the Block Diagram of this work. This diagram illustrates a robot system for detecting Landmines. An Ultra Sonic and Metal Detector sensor detects the landmines. Arduino microcontroller is employed in this robot. The robot system is embedded with mine detector capable of sensing the landmine using the sensor

employed. When a mine is detected by the sensor, the sensor sends a message to the microcontroller which then displays the message on LCD screen. The GSM module, operated through Attention Command, sends an SMS to registered number. The robot continues to advance and search ahead if the sensor doesn't identify any mines. The robot is interfaced with the PC by deploying a Arduino Uno. The locomotion of the robot is carried out by the DC motor. This mine Detection Robotic Vehicle uses a mine sensing coil to detect mines hidden under the surface of the earth. This Robot has been equipped with ultrasonic sensor to help it with obstacle sensing. Thus, making it capable to automatically scan a particular area for hidden mines.

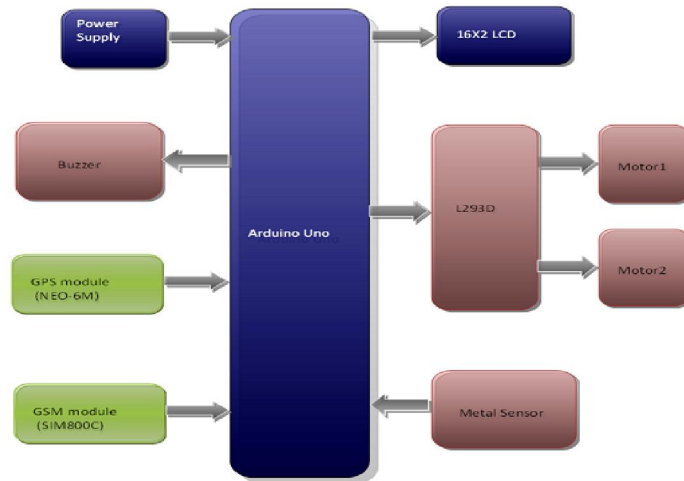


Fig.1 Block Diagram

V. SYSTEM DESIGN

The following Fig 2 Shows the circuit connection of this Work.

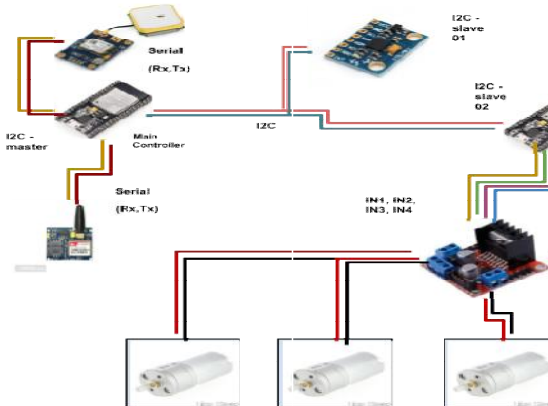


Fig.2 Circuit Diagram

Metal Detecting Sensor:

The metal detector is equipped with copper coils that can detect the presence of any metal. It consists of two Arduino one is primary the power supplier to the whole system and the other is secondary which is coupled with detector coil and commands the whole system after the metal is detected. When metal is detected, the information signal is transmitted to the controller.

Remote Control System:

The remote-control system utilizes a radio frequency transmitter, while the control system on the computer or laptop uses the parallel port and control relays to remotely control the robot with the help of an app “Wi-Fi Controller ESP8266”. The GPS transmits the robot's location through a IoT module data connection. The GPS control software is coupled with the metal detector coil and the controller.

Threshold Detection:

Metal identification sensor is Inductive proximity sensors that can identify metal targets. They don't identify non-metal targets like plastic, wood, paper, and earthenware. Not at all like photoelectric sensors, has this permitted inductive closeness sensors to identify a metal item through obscure plastic. The least difficult type of metal locator comprises an oscillator creating a rotating current that goes through a curl delivering a substituting attractive field. Assuming that a piece of electrically conductive metal is near the loop, vortex flows will be initiated (inductive sensor) in the metal, and this creates its very own attractive field. If one more loop is utilized to quantify the attractive field (going about as a magnetometer), the adjustment of the attractive field because of the metallic item can be identified.

Alert Mechanism:

Buzzer: This alerts the operator of potential danger by emitting a distinct sound upon detecting a landmine, enabling timely intervention and safe navigation for the robotic vehicle.

SMS Notification: The GSM module in landmine detection enables real-time communication between the robotic vehicle and a remote operator, facilitating data transmission and control commands for efficient navigation and safe detonation of detected landmines.

Location Notification: Aids in providing precise location data for effective navigation and mapping during landmine detection missions with robotic vehicles.

Real Time Data Visualization:

LCD in landmine detection robotic vehicles aids in real-time data visualization, providing crucial information on terrain and potential threats for efficient navigation and safe manoeuvring.

VI. CONCLUSION

Nothing should be more important than the lives and safety of the country's army men who risk their lives for country's safety from external enemies. There have been many cases of fatalities and injuries due to explosion of landmines. Till date a lot of research and development has been done and different types of landmine detection robots have been developed each having its own advantages and disadvantages. The variation in these robots is based on the controller or processor used, sensor interfaced, GPS tracking system and the locomotion technique used. This project describes design for wheeled robot for land mine detection purpose and implementation. The wheeled robot is less expensive, robust and it is a helpful tool in for military for surveying and monitoring purpose.

REFERENCES

- [1]. L. Robledo, M. Carrasco and D. Mery, "A survey of land mine detection technology" International Journal of Remote Sensing Vol. 30, No. 9, 10 May 2009, 2399–2410
- [2]. JebasinghKirubakaran.S.J, Anish kumarjha, Dheeraj kumar, Sadambi Poorna chandram Prakash, "Mine Detecting Robot with Multi Sensors Controlled Using HC-12 Module" International Journal of Engineering & Technology
- [3]. Bharath J, "Automatic Land Mine Detection Robot Using Microcontroller", International Journal of Advance Engineering and Research Development Volume 4, Issue 3, March-2017
- [4]. IoT controlled metal detecting robot with remote video transmission to assist bomb detection and rescue team International Journal for Technological Research in Engineering Volume 4, Issue 11, and July-2017
- [5]. Kuo-Lan Su, Hsu-Shan Su, Sheng-Wen Shiao and JrHung Guo (2011), "Motion Planning for a Landmine Detection Robot", Artificial Life and Robotics.

- [6]. Kuo-Lan Su, Hsu-Shan Su, Sheng-Wen Shiao and JrHung Guo (2011), "Motion Planning for a Landmine Detection Robot", Artificial Life and Robotics.
- [7]. Kaur Gurpreet, "Multi algorithm-based Landmine Detection using Ground Penetration Radar", IEEE, 2016.
- [8]. Kishan Malaviya, et.al, "Autonomous Landmine Detecting and Mapping Robot", IJIRCCCE, Vol. 3, Issue 2, 2015.
- [9]. Sanjeev C Mhamane et.al Contribution of Net Zero Energy Building in Energy .Security, Journal of Systems Engineering and Electronics (ISSN NO: 1671-1793) Volume 34 ISSUE 5 2024.
- [10]. Sanjeev C Mhamane et.al, IoT Applications in Health Care, Journal of Technology, ISSN: 10123407, VOLUME 12 ISSUE 2, 2024.
- [11]. Sanjeev C Mhamane et al., "Performance Analysis of Spray and Wait Protocol and Epidemic Protocol in VDTN", International Journal of Scientific and Engineering Research (IJSER) - (ISSN 2229-5518), Dec 2013.
- [12]. Sanjeev C Mhamane et al., "Impact of Relay Nodes on Performance of VDTN using Epidemic Protocol", International Journal of Computer Applications (IJCA) - (ISSN 0975 - 8887), Dec 2013.
- [13]. Sanjeev C Mhamane et. al., "Impact of relay nodes on performance of Vehicular Delay tolerant network" at International Journal of Electrical, Electronics and Data Communication, ISSN: 2320-2084. Volume-1, Issue-9, Nov-2013
- [14]. Sanjeev C Mhamane et.al. "Wireless Sensor network for patient monitoring", International Journal of Innovations in Engg. Research, Mar 2016
- [15]. Sanjeev C Mhamane et.al. A review on Recognition of Indian Sign Language using classifier. Science, Technology and development Journal July 2021.
- [16]. Sanjeev C Mhamane et.al., A review on Improved Face Recognition using data fusion, International research journal of Engineering and Technology, e-ISSN: 2395-0056, Volume: 08 Issue: 06 | June 2021
- [17]. Sanjeev C Mhamane et al., Bad Odour Detector System , International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJAR SCT), ISSN (Online) 2581-9429, Volume 5, Issue 1, January 2025
- [18]. Mr. Mhamane Sanjeev Chandrashekhar, et.al " Implementation of AT-LEACH protocol in WSN to Improve the system Performance" International Journal on Recent and Innovation Trends in Computing and Communication (IJRITCC), Vol.11, Page 926-932, 2023.
- [19]. Mr. Mhamane Sanjeev Chandrashekhar, et.al, "The Integrated SDL-based design approach to create and implement wireless communication protocol ", Journal of Integrated Science and Technology, Vol. 11, Issue 03, Page 524, 2023.
- [20]. Mr. Mhamane Sanjeev Chandrashekhar, et.al, The Design and Development of Wireless Communication System through FPGA and DSP, Scandinavian Journal of Information Systems, 2023 35(1)-38 DOI: 10.5281/SJIS.7759410
- [21]. Mr. Mhamane Sanjeev Chandrashekhar, et.al, Effect of Blurred or Fainted Drawing Images on Students Perception of Isometric Drawing, Year: 2018, Pages: 262-264 DOI Bookmark: 10.1109/ICALT.2018.00067.
- [22]. Liyakat, K.K.S. (2024). Machine Learning Approach Using Artificial Neural Networks to Detect Malicious Nodes in IoT Networks. In: *Udgata, S.K., Sethi, S., Gao, XZ. (eds) Intelligent Systems. ICMIB 2023. Lecture Notes in Networks and Systems, vol 728. Springer, Singapore.* https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-99-3932-9_12 available at: https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-981-99-3932-9_12
- [23]. M Pradeepa, et al. (2022). Student Health Detection using a Machine Learning Approach and IoT, 2022 IEEE 2nd Mysore sub section International Conference (MysuruCon), 2022. Available at: <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/9972445>
- [24]. K. K. S. Liyakat. (2023). Detecting Malicious Nodes in IoT Networks Using Machine Learning and Artificial Neural Networks, 2023 International Conference on Emerging Smart Computing and Informatics (ESCI), Pune, India, 2023, pp. 1-5, doi:10.1109/ESCI56872.2023.10099544. Available at: <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/10099544/>

- [25]. K. Kasat, N. Shaikh, V. K. Rayabharapu, M. Nayak. (2023). Implementation and Recognition of Waste Management System with Mobility Solution in Smart Cities using Internet of Things, *2023 Second International Conference on Augmented Intelligence and Sustainable Systems (ICAISS)*, Trichy, India, 2023, pp. 1661-1665, doi: 10.1109/ICAISS58487.2023.10250690 . Available at: <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/10250690/>
- [26]. Liyakat, K.K.S. (2023). Machine Learning Approach Using Artificial Neural Networks to Detect Malicious Nodes in IoT Networks. In: *Shukla, P.K., Mittal, H., Engelbrecht, A. (eds) Computer Vision and Robotics. CVR 2023. Algorithms for Intelligent Systems. Springer, Singapore.* https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-99-4577-1_3
- [27]. Kazi, K. (2024a). AI-Driven IoT (AIoT) in Healthcare Monitoring. In T. Nguyen & N. Vo (Eds.), *Using Traditional Design Methods to Enhance AI-Driven Decision Making* (pp. 77-101). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-0639-0.ch003> available at: <https://www.igi-global.com/chapter/ai-driven-iot-aiot-in-healthcare-monitoring/336693>
- [28]. Kazi, K. (2024b). Modelling and Simulation of Electric Vehicle for Performance Analysis: BEV and HEV Electrical Vehicle Implementation Using Simulink for E-Mobility Ecosystems. In L. D., N. Nagpal, N. Kassarwani, V. Varthanan G., & P. Siano (Eds.), *E-Mobility in Electrical Energy Systems for Sustainability* (pp. 295-320). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-2611-4.ch014> Available at: <https://www.igi-global.com/gateway/chapter/full-text-pdf/341172>
- [29]. Kazi, K. S. (2024a). Computer-Aided Diagnosis in Ophthalmology: A Technical Review of Deep Learning Applications. In M. Garcia & R. de Almeida (Eds.), *Transformative Approaches to Patient Literacy and Healthcare Innovation* (pp. 112-135). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-3661-8.ch006> Available at: <https://www.igi-global.com/chapter/computer-aided-diagnosis-in-ophthalmology/342823>
- [30]. Prashant K Magadam (2024). Machine Learning for Predicting Wind Turbine Output Power in Wind Energy Conversion Systems, *Grenze International Journal of Engineering and Technology*, Jan Issue, Vol 10, Issue 1, pp. 2074-2080. Grenze ID: 01.GIJET.10.1.4_1 Available at: <https://thegrenze.com/index.php?display=page&view=journalabstract&absid=2514&id=8>
- [31]. Priya Mangesh Nerkar, Bhagyarekha Ujjwalganesh Dhaware. (2023). Predictive Data Analytics Framework Based on Heart Healthcare System (HHS) Using Machine Learning, *Journal of Advanced Zoology*, 2023, Volume 44, Special Issue -2, Page 3673:3686. Available at: <https://jazindia.com/index.php/jaz/article/view/1695>
- [32]. P. Neeraja, R. G. Kumar, M. S. Kumar, K. K. S. Liyakat and M. S. Vani. (2024), DL-Based Somnolence Detection for Improved Driver Safety and Alertness Monitoring. *2024 IEEE International Conference on Computing, Power and Communication Technologies (IC2PCT)*, Greater Noida, India, 2024, pp. 589-594, doi: 10.1109/IC2PCT60090.2024.10486714. Available at: <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/10486714>
- [33]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat, (2024). Explainable AI in Healthcare. In: *Explainable Artificial Intelligence in healthcare System*, editors: A. Anitha Kamaraj, Debi Prasanna Acharjya. ISBN: 979-8-89113-598-7. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.52305/GOMR8163>
- [34]. Liyakat Kazi, K. S. (2024). ChatGPT: An Automated Teacher's Guide to Learning. In R. Bansal, A. Chakir, A. Hafaz Ngah, F. Rabby, & A. Jain (Eds.), *AI Algorithms and ChatGPT for Student Engagement in Online Learning* (pp. 1-20). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-4268-8.ch001>
- [35]. Veena, M. Sridevi, K. K. S. Liyakat, B. Saha, S. R. Reddy and N. Shirisha, (2023). HEECCNB: An Efficient IoT-Cloud Architecture for Secure Patient Data Transmission and Accurate Disease Prediction in Healthcare Systems, *2023 Seventh International Conference on Image Information Processing (ICIIP)*, Solan, India, 2023, pp. 407-410, doi: 10.1109/ICIIP61524.2023.10537627. Available at: <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/10537627>
- [36]. K. Rajendra Prasad, Santoshachandra Rao Karanam (2024). AI in public-private partnership for IT infrastructure development, *Journal of High Technology Management Research*, Volume 35, Issue 1, May 2024, 100496. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.hitech.2024.100496>

- [37]. Kazi, K. S. (2024b). IoT Driven by Machine Learning (MLIoT) for the Retail Apparel Sector. In T. Tarnanidis, E. Papachristou, M. Karypidis, & V. Ismyrlis (Eds.), *Driving Green Marketing in Fashion and Retail* (pp. 63-81). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-3049-4.ch004>
- [38]. Kutubuddin Kazi, (2024a). Machine Learning (ML)-Based Braille Lippi Characters and Numbers Detection and Announcement System for Blind Children in Learning, In Gamze Sart (Eds.), *Social Reflections of Human-Computer Interaction in Education, Management, and Economics*, IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-3033-3.ch002>
- [39]. Kazi, K. S. (2024). Artificial Intelligence (AI)-Driven IoT (AIIoT)-Based Agriculture Automation. In S. Satapathy & K. Muduli (Eds.), *Advanced Computational Methods for Agri-Business Sustainability* (pp. 72-94). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-3583-3.ch005>
- [40]. Kazi Kutubuddin, (2024c). Vehicle Health Monitoring System (VHMS) by Employing IoT and Sensors, *Grenze International Journal of Engineering and Technology*, Vol 10, Issue 2, pp- 5367-5374. Grenze ID: 01.GIJET.10.2.429. Available at: <https://thegrenze.com/index.php?display=page&view=journalabstract&absid=3371&id=8>
- [41]. Kazi Kutubuddin, (2024d). A Novel Approach on ML based Palmistry, *Grenze International Journal of Engineering and Technology*, Vol 10, Issue 2, pp- 5186-5193. Grenze ID: 01.GIJET.10.2.393. Available at: <https://thegrenze.com/index.php?display=page&view=journalabstract&absid=3344&id=8>
- [42]. Kazi Kutubuddin, (2024e). IoT based Boiler Health Monitoring for Sugar Industries, *Grenze International Journal of Engineering and Technology*, Vol 10, Issue 2, pp. 5178 -5185. Grenze ID: 01.GIJET.10.2.392. Available at: <https://thegrenze.com/index.php?display=page&view=journalabstract&absid=3343&id=8>
- [43]. Kazi, K. S. (2024). Machine Learning-Based Pomegranate Disease Detection and Treatment. In M. Zia Ul Haq & I. Ali (Eds.), *Revolutionizing Pest Management for Sustainable Agriculture* (pp. 469-498). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-3061-6.ch019>
- [44]. Liyakat. (2025). IoT Technologies for the Intelligent Dairy Industry: A New Challenge. In S. Thandekkattu & N. Vajjhala (Eds.), *Designing Sustainable Internet of Things Solutions for Smart Industries* (pp. 321-350). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-5498-8.ch012>
- [45]. Liyakat, K. K. (2025). Heart Health Monitoring Using IoT and Machine Learning Methods. In A. Shaik (Ed.), *AI-Powered Advances in Pharmacology* (pp. 257-282). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-3212-2.ch010>
- [46]. Sayyad. (2025f). AI-Powered-IoT (AIIoT)-Based Decision-Making System for BP Patient's Healthcare Monitoring: KSK Approach for BP Patient Healthcare Monitoring. In S. Aouadni & I. Aouadni (Eds.), *Recent Theories and Applications for Multi-Criteria Decision-Making* (pp. 205-238). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-6502-1.ch008>
- [47]. Kazi, K. S. (2025c). AI-Driven-IoT (AIIoT)-Based Decision Making in Drones for Climate Change: KSK Approach. In S. Aouadni & I. Aouadni (Eds.), *Recent Theories and Applications for Multi-Criteria Decision-Making* (pp. 311-340). IGI Global. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-6502-1.ch011>
- [48]. Liyakat. (2025d). AI-Driven-IoT (AIIoT)-Based Decision Making in Kidney Diseases Patient Healthcare Monitoring: KSK Approach for Kidney Monitoring. In L. Özgür Polat & O. Polat (Eds.), *AI-Driven Innovation in Healthcare Data Analytics* (pp. 277-306). IGI Global Scientific Publishing. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-7277-7.ch009>
- [49]. Mahant, M. A. (2025). Machine Learning-Driven Internet of Things (MLIoT)-Based Healthcare Monitoring System. In N. Wickramasinghe (Ed.), *Digitalization and the Transformation of the Healthcare Sector* (pp. 205-236). IGI Global Scientific Publishing. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-9641-4.ch007>
- [50]. Priya Nerkar and Kazi Sultanabanu, (2024). IoT-Based Skin Health Monitoring System, *International Journal of Biology, Pharmacy and Allied Sciences (IJBPAS)*. 2024, 13(11): 5937-5950. <https://doi.org/10.31032/IJBPAS/2024/13.11.8488>
- [51]. Sayyad (2025e). AI-Powered IoT (AI IoT) for Decision-Making in Smart Agriculture: KSK Approach for Smart Agriculture. In S. Hai-Jew (Ed.), *Enhancing Automated Decision-Making Through AI* (pp. 67-96). IGI Global Scientific Publishing. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-6230-3.ch003>

- [52]. Sayyad (2025f). KK Approach to Increase Resilience in Internet of Things: A T-Cell Security Concept. In D. Darwish & K. Charan (Eds.), *Analyzing Privacy and Security Difficulties in Social Media: New Challenges and Solutions* (pp. 87-120). IGI Global Scientific Publishing. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-9491-5.ch005>
- [53]. Kazi, K. S. (2025). Machine Learning-Driven Internet of Medical Things (ML-IoMT)-Based Healthcare Monitoring System. In B. Soufiene & C. Chakraborty (Eds.), *Responsible AI for Digital Health and Medical Analytics* (pp. 49-86). IGI Global Scientific Publishing. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-6294-5.ch003>
- [54]. Kazi Kutubuddin, (2024c). Vehicle Health Monitoring System (VHMS) by Employing IoT and Sensors, *Grenze International Journal of Engineering and Technology*, Vol 10, Issue 2, pp- 5367-5374. Available at: <https://thegrenze.com/index.php?display=page&view=journalabstract&absid=3371&id=8>
- [55]. Kazi Kutubuddin, (2024e). A Novel Approach on ML based Palmistry, *Grenze International Journal of Engineering and Technology*, Vol 10, Issue 2, pp- 5186-5193. Available at: <https://thegrenze.com/index.php?display=page&view=journalabstract&absid=3344&id=8>
- [56]. Kazi Kutubuddin, (2024e). IoT based Boiler Health Monitoring for Sugar Industries, *Grenze International Journal of Engineering and Technology*, Vol 10, Issue 2, pp. 5178 -5185. Available at: <https://thegrenze.com/index.php?display=page&view=journalabstract&absid=3343&id=8>
- [57]. Prashant K Magadam (2024). Machine Learning for Predicting Wind Turbine Output Power in Wind Energy Conversion Systems, *Grenze International Journal of Engineering and Technology*, Jan Issue, Vol 10, Issue 1, pp. 2074-2080. Grenze ID: 01.GIJET.10.1.4_1 Available at: <https://thegrenze.com/index.php?display=page&view=journalabstract&absid=2514&id=8>
- [58]. Altaf O. Mulani, Arti Vasant Bang, (2024). IoT Based Air, Water, and Soil Monitoring System for Pomegranate Farming, *Annals of Agri-Bio Research*. 29 (2): 71-86, 2024.
- [59]. Kazi, K. S. (2025a). Transformation of Agriculture Effectuated by Artificial Intelligence-Driven Internet of Things (AIIoT). In J. Garwi, M. Dzingirai, & R. Masengu (Eds.), *Integrating Agriculture, Green Marketing Strategies, and Artificial Intelligence* (pp. 449-484). IGI Global Scientific Publishing. <https://doi.org/10.4018/979-8-3693-6468-0.ch015>
- [60]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat, (2023). IoT based Healthcare Monitoring for COVID- Subvariant JN-1, *Journal of Electronic Design Technology*, Vol 14, No 3 (2023)
- [61]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat (2023). Smart Motion Detection System using IoT: A NodeMCU and Blynk Framework, *Journal of Microelectronics and Solid State Devices*, Vol 10, No 3 (2023)
- [62]. Chopade Mallikarjun Abhangrao (2024), Internet of Things in Mechatronics for Design and Manufacturing: A Review, *Journals of Mechatronics Machine Design and Manufacturing*, Vol 6, Issue 1.
- [63]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat (2023). Nanotechnology in Precision Farming: The Role of Research, *International Journal of Nanomaterials and Nanostructures*, Vol 9, No 2 (2023). <https://doi.org/10.37628/ijnn.v9i2.1051>
- [64]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat. (2023). Home Automation System Based on GSM. *Journal of VLSI Design Tools & Technology*. 2023; 13(3): 7–12p. <https://doi.org/10.37591/jovdtt.v13i3.7877>
- [65]. Prof. Suryawanshi Rupali Vithalrao,(2018). Situation invariant Face Recognition using Neural Networks, *International Journal of Trend in Scientific Research and Development (IJTSRD)*, Vol 2, Issue 4, pp. .995-998, <https://doi.org/10.31142/ijtsrd14162> Available at: URL: <https://www.ijtsrd.com/papers/ijtsrd14162.pdf>
- [66]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat, (2024). Intelligent Watering System(IWS) for Agricultural Land Utilising Raspberry Pi, *Recent Trends in Fluid Mechanics*, Vol 10, No 2, pp. 26-31.
- [67]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat (2024). IoT and Sensor-based Smart Agriculturing Driven by NodeMCU, *Research & Review: Electronics and Communication Engineering*, 1(2), 25-33. Available at: <https://matjournals.net/engineering/index.php/RRECE/article/view/742>
- [68]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat (2024). Smart Agriculture based on AI-Driven-IoT(AIIoT): A KSK Approach, *Advance Research in Communication Engineering and its Innovations*, 1(2), 23-32. Available at: <https://matjournals.net/engineering/index.php/ARCEI/article/view/746>

- [69]. K Kazi (2024). Complications with Malware Identification in IoT and an Overview of Artificial Immune Approaches. *Research & Reviews: A Journal of Immunology*. 2024; 14(01):54-62. Available from: <https://journals.stmjournals.com/rrjoi/article=2024/view=144241>
- [70]. Nida N. Shaikh, Milind D. Chavan, V.G. Shirshikar,(2023). PV Penetrations in Conventional Power System and Generation of Harmonic and Power Quality Issues: A Review. *International Journal of Power Electronics Controllers and Converters*. 2023; 9(2): 12–19p. Available at: <https://ecc.journalspub.info/index.php?journal=JPECC&page=article&op=view&path%5B%5D=1976>
- [71]. Vaibhav L. Jadhav, Arjun P. Shinde, (2024). Detection of Fire in the Environment via a Robot Based Fire Fighting System Using Sensors, *International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJAR SCT)*, Volume 4, Issue 4, pp. 410 – 418.
- [72]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat (2024). Nanotechnology in Medical Applications: A Study. *Nano Trends: A Journal of Nanotechnology and Its Applications*. 2024; 26(2): 1–11p.
- [73]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat. (2024). Nanotechnology in BattleField: A Study. *Journal of Nanoscience, Nanoengineering & Applications*. 2024; 14(2): 18–30p.
- [74]. Sultanabanu Sayyad Liyakat Kazi, (2024). Polymer Applications in Energy Generation and Storage: A Forward Path. *Journal of Nanoscience, Nanoengineering & Applications*. 2024; 14(2): 31–39p.
- [75]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat, (2024). Review of Biopolymers in Agriculture Application: An Eco-Friendly Alternative. *International Journal of Composite and Constituent Materials*. 2024; 10(1): 50–62p.
- [76]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat (2024). Railway Health-Monitoring Using KSK Approach: Decision-Making Using AIIoT Approach in Railways, *Journal of Controller and Converters*, 9(3), 1-10. Available at: <https://matjournals.net/engineering/index.php/JCC/article/view/1047>
- [77]. K K Sayyad Liyakat. (2024). Impact of Nanotechnology on Battlefield Welfare: A Study. *International Journal of Nanobiotechnology*. 2024; 10(2): 19– 32p.
- [78]. Sultanabanu Sayyad Liyakat, (2024q). Nanotechnology in Healthcare Applications: A Study. *International Journal of Nanobiotechnology*. 2024; 10(2): 48–58p.
- [79]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat (2024). A Study on AI-driven IoT (AIIoT) based Decision Making: KSK Approach in Robot for Medical Applications, *Recent Trends in Semiconductor and Sensor Technology*, 1(3), 1-17. Available at: <https://matjournals.net/engineering/index.php/RTSST/article/view/1044>
- [80]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat (2024). Wireless Train Collision Avoidance System, *Advance Research in Communication Engineering and its Innovations*, 1(3), 16-25.
- [81]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat. (2024). Internet of Battlefield Things: An IoBT-inspired Battlefield of Tomorrow. *Journal of Telecommunication, Switching Systems and Networks*. 2024; 11(3): 11–19p.
- [82]. Sunil B. Mishra (2024d). AI-Driven-IoT (AIIoT)-Based Decision Making in Manufacturing Processes in Mechanical Engineering, *Journal of Mechanical Robotics*, 9(2), 27-38.
- [83]. Sunil B. Mishra (2024e). AI-Driven-IoT (AIIoT) Based Decision-Making in Molten Metal Processing, *Journal of Industrial Mechanics*, 9(2), 45-56.
- [84]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat, Impact of Nanotechnology on Battlefield Welfare: A Study. *International journal of Nanobiotechnology*. 2024; 10(02): 19-32p.
- [85]. Kazi Sultanabanu Sayyad Liyakat and Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat, Nanosensors in Agriculture Field: A Study. *International Journal of Applied Nanotechnology*. 2024; 10(02): 12-22p.
- [86]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat, Nanotechnology in Space Study. *International Journal of Applied Nanotechnology*. 2024; 10(02): 39-46p.
- [87]. Dr. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat. (2024). KSK Approach to Smart Agriculture: Utilizing AI-Driven Internet of Things (AI IoT). *Journal of Microcontroller Engineering and Applications*. 2024; 11(03):21-32.
- [88]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat. (2024). Microwave Communication in the Internet of Things: A Study. *Journal of RF and Microwave Communication Technologies*, 38–49. Retrieved from <https://matjournals.net/engineering/index.php/JoRFMCT/article/view/1276>

- [89]. Priya Mangesh Nerkar, Sunita Sunil Shinde, et al, "Monitoring Fresh Fruit and Food Using IoT and Machine Learning to Improve Food Safety and Quality", *Tuijin Jishu/Journal of Propulsion Technology*, Vol. 44, No. 3, (2023) , pp. 2927 – 2931.
- [90]. Wale Anjali, D Rokade, A Samadhan, et al (2019). Smart Agriculture System using IoT, *International Journal of Innovative Research In Technology*, 2019, 5(10), 480-483, Available at: <https://ijirt.org/Article?manuscript=147761>.
- [91]. Kazi Kutubuddin Sayyad Liyakat, (2023). Nanorobotics: A Review, *International Journal of Applied Nanotechnology (IJAN)*, 9(2), pp. 36 – 43. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.37628/ijan.v9i2.1019>.
- [92]. Mrunal M Kapse, et al, "Smart Grid Technology", *International Journal of Information Technology and Computer Engineering*, Vol 2, Issue 6.
- [93]. Satpute Pratiskha Vaijnath, Mali Prajakta et al. "Smart safty Device for Women", *International Journal of Aquatic Science*, 2022, Vol 13, Issue 1, pp. 556 - 560.
- [94]. Miss. Priyanka M Tadlagi, et al, "Depression Detection", *Journal of Mental Health Issues and Behavior (JHMIB)*, 2022, Vol 2, Issue 6, pp. 1 – 7.
- [95]. Waghmare Maithili, et al, "Smart watch system", *International journal of information Technology and computer engineering (IJITC)*, 2022, Vol 2, issue 6, pp. 1 - 9.
- [96]. Divya Swami, et al, "Sending notification to someone missing you through smart watch", *International journal of information Technology & computer engineering (IJITC)*, 2022, Vol 2, issue 8, pp. 19 – 24.
- [97]. Shreya Kalmkar, Afrin, et al., " 3D E-Commers using AR", *International Journal of Information Technology & Computer Engineering (IJITC)*, 2022, Vol 2, issue 6, pp. 18-27.
- [98]. Miss. Mamdya, Miss. Sandupatia, et al, "GPS Tracking System", *International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology (IJAR SCT)*, 2022, Vol 2, issue- 1, pp. 2492 – 2529, Available at: <https://ijarsct.co.in/A7317.pdf>
- [99]. Kazi Sultanabanu Sayyad Liyakat (2023). Dispersion Compensation in Optical Fiber: A Review, *Journal of Telecommunication Study*, 8(3), 14-19.
- [100]. Kazi Sultanabanu Sayyad Liyakat (2023). IoT Based Arduino-Powered Weather Monitoring System, *Journal of Telecommunication Study*, 8(3), 25-31.
- [101]. Kazi Sultanabanu Sayyad Liyakat (2023). Arduino Based Weather Monitoring System, *Journal of Switching Hub*, 8(3), 24-29.
- [102]. M Sunil Kumar, D Ganesh, Anil V Turukmane, Umamaheswararao Batta, "Deep Convolution Neural Network based solution for detecting plant Diseases", *Journal of Pharmaceutical Negative Results*, 2022, Vol 13, Special Issue- I, pp. 464-471.
- [103]. Halli U M, "Nanotechnology in IoT Security", *Journal of Nanoscience, Nanoengineering & Applications*, 2022, Vol 12, issue 3, pp. 11 – 16.
- [104]. Wale Anjali D., Rokade Dipali, et al, "Smart Agriculture System using IoT", *International Journal of Innovative Research In Technology*, 2019, Vol 5, Issue 10, pp.493 - 497.
- [105]. Kazi K. S., "Significance And Usage Of Face Recognition System", *Scholarly Journal For Humanity Science and English Language*, 2017, Vol 4, Issue 20, pp. 4764 - 4772.
- [106]. Kazi K S L, "Significance of Projection and Rotation of Image in Color Matching for High-Quality Panoramic Images used for Aquatic study", *International Journal of Aquatic Science*, 2018, Vol 09, Issue 02, pp. 130 – 145.
- [107]. Halli U.M., "Nanotechnology in E-Vehicle Batteries", *International Journal of Nanomaterials and Nanostructures*. 2022; Vol 8, Issue 2, pp. 22–27.
- [108]. Pankaj R Hotkar, Vishal Kulkarni, et al, "Implementation of Low Power and area efficient carry select Adder", *International Journal of Research in Engineering, Science and Management*, 2019, Vol 2, Issue 4, pp. 183 - 184.
- [109]. Kazi K S, "Detection of Malicious Nodes in IoT Networks based on Throughput and ML", *Journal of Electrical and Power System Engineering*, 2023, Volume-9, Issue 1, pp. 22- 29.

- [110]. Karale Nikita, Jadhav Supriya, et al, “Design of Vehicle system using CAN Protocol”, International Journal of Research in Applied science and Engineering Technology, 2020, Vol 8, issue V, pp. 1978 - 1983, <http://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2020.5321>.
- [111]. K. Kazi, “Lassar Methodology for Network Intrusion Detection”, Scholarly Research Journal for Humanity science and English Language, 2017, Vol 4, Issue 24, pp.6853 - 6861.
- [112]. Kazi K S L, “IoT-based weather Prototype using WeMos”, Journal of Control and Instrumentation Engineering, 2023, Vol 9, Issue 1, pp. 10 - 22 .
- [113]. Kazi Kutubuddin, “Detection of Malicious Nodes in IoT Networks based on packet loss using ML”, Journal of Mobile Computing, Communication & mobile Networks, 2022, Vol 9, Issue 3, pp. 9 -16
- [114]. Kazi Kutubuddin, “Big data and HR Analytics in Talent Management: A Study”, Recent Trends in Parallel Computing, 2022, Vol 9, Issue 3, pp. 16-26.
- [115]. Kazi K S, “IoT-Based Healthcare Monitoring for COVID-19 Home Quarantined Patients”, Recent Trends in Sensor Research & Technology, 2022, Vol 9, Issue 3. pp. 26 – 32 .
- [116]. Gouse Mohiuddin Kosgiker, “Machine Learning- Based System, Food Quality Inspection and Grading in Food industry”, International Journal of Food and Nutritional Sciences, 2018, Vol 11, Issue 10, pp. 723- 730
- [117]. U M Halli, Voltage Sag Mitigation Using DVR and Ultra Capacitor. Journal of Semiconductor Devices and Circuits. 2022; 9(3): 21–31p.
- [118]. Kazi Kutubuddin, “Blockchain-Enabled IoT Environment to Embedded System a Self-Secure Firmware Model”, Journal of Telecommunication study, 2023, Vol 8, Issue 1.
- [119]. Kazi Kutubuddin, “A Study HR Analytics Big Data in Talent Management”, Research and Review: Human Resource and Labour Management, 2023, Volume-4, Issue-1, pp. 16-28.
- [120]. Narender Chinthamu, M. Prasad, “Self-Secure firmware model for Blockchain-Enabled IOT environment to Embedded system”, Eur. Chem. Bull., 2023, 12(S3), pp. 653 – 660. DOI:10.31838/ecb/2023.12.s3.075
- [121]. Sultanabanu Kazi, Mardanali Shaikh, “Machine Learning in the Production Process Control of Metal Melting” Journal of Advancement in Machines, Volume 8 Issue 2 (2023).