

Four Quadrant Operation of DC Motor using Microcontroller

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Abstract: *The purpose of the project is the development of four-quadrant control for DC motors. The motor works in her four quadrants, or clockwise. Turn counter clockwise for forward braking and reverse braking. The 4-quadrant operation of DC motors allows them to rotate clockwise and counter clockwise, with instant braking in both directions, making them ideal for industries that use motors on demand. Immediate braking in both directions is achieved by briefly applying a reverse voltage to the running motor. A push button is provided to operate the motor, it is connected to a circuit that provides an input signal to the motor and controls the motor through a driver IC.*

Keywords: DC Motor, Speed control, Four quadrant.

I. INTRODUCTION

The aim of the project is to develop a speed control system for a de motor for four quadrants with the help of a four-quadrant unity to control clockwise, anti- clockwise, forward brake and reverse brake modes of a de motor. The system is very useful for industries operation since industries usually require de motor to operate in all four quadrants for various operational cases. The four-quadrant operation of the de motor is best for industries where motors are used and as per requirement as they can notate in clockwise, anti- clockwise and also apply brakes immediately in both directions. For certain operations in an industrial environment, the motor should be stopped immediately. In such scenario, this proposed system is very important as forward brake and reverse brake is its integral feature indantaneous brake in both the directors happens as a result of applying a reverse voltage across the running motor for a short period 555timer used in the project develops required pulse push buttons are provided for the operation of the motor which are interlaced to the circuit that provides an input signal to it and inhume controls the motor through a driver ic optionally speed control feature can be achieved (but not provides in this project) by push button operation. This project in future can be improved by using high power electronic devices to operation big capacity de motors regenerative braking for optimizing the power commotion cart abo be incorporated. The system is very useful for industrial operations since industries squally require de motor in operate in all four quadrants for various operational cases. This system enables to operate mars in all four quadrants.

1.1 Microcontroller

A Microcontroller is a Small Computer on a Single Integrated Circuit (IC) That Contains a Processor Core, Memory, and Programmable Input/output Peripheral. Microprocessors Are Programmable Integrated Circuits That Can Perform Mathematical and Logical Operations on Digital Inputs It is Designed to Be Embedded Into Various Electronic devices and Systems to Control Their Operations. Microcontrollers Are Widely Used in a Range of Applications, Including Consumer Electronics, Industrial Automation, Robotics, Medical Devices, and Automotive Systems. Microcontrollers Are Often Chosen for Their Low Power Consumption, Compact Size, and Cost-effectiveness. They Are Typically Programmed to Perform Specific Tasks and Operate in Real-time Environments, Where They Can Interact With Sensors, Actuators, and Other External Components

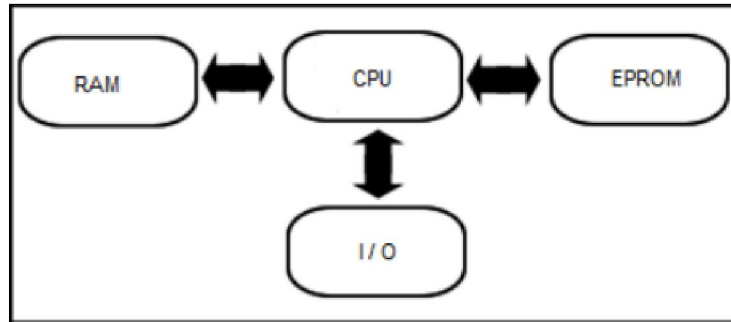


Fig. Microcontroller

II. METHODOLOGY

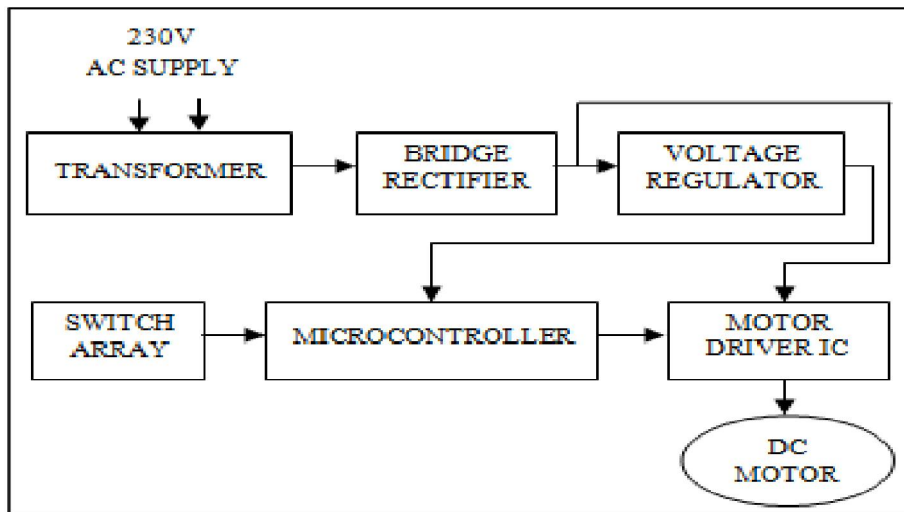


Fig. Block Diagram

The Methodology for implementing four quadrant operation of DC motor using microcontroller involves many steps. The requirement and specifications of the DC motor control system, including the desired speed range, torque limits, and safety features. Select an appropriate microcontroller based on the system requirements, considering factors such as processing power, I/O capabilities, and available motor control features. Determine the power electronics components, sensors, and user interface elements required for the system. Design or select a suitable motor control algorithm for achieving four quadrant operation. Common control algorithms include PID control, fuzzy logic control, or model predictive control.

2.1 Proposed Work

Begin by designing the overall system architecture and requirements. Determine the specific application needs, such as the desired motor specifications, control features, and any additional functionalities required. Choose a suitable microcontroller based on the system requirements and the capabilities needed for controlling the DC motor in all four quadrants. Consider factors such as processing power, memory, available peripherals, and communication interface. Design the motor control circuitry, including the H-bridge configuration for bidirectional control. Select appropriate power electronics components such as transistors or motor drivers to handle the voltage and current requirements of the DC motor. Include necessary protection circuitry for overcurrent, overvoltage, and temperature protection. Develop the software code for the microcontroller to control the DC motor in four quadrants. This involves programming the microcontroller to generate PWM signals for speed control, handle direction control, and implement the necessary control algorithms. Use programming languages like C or assembly language and relevant development tools.

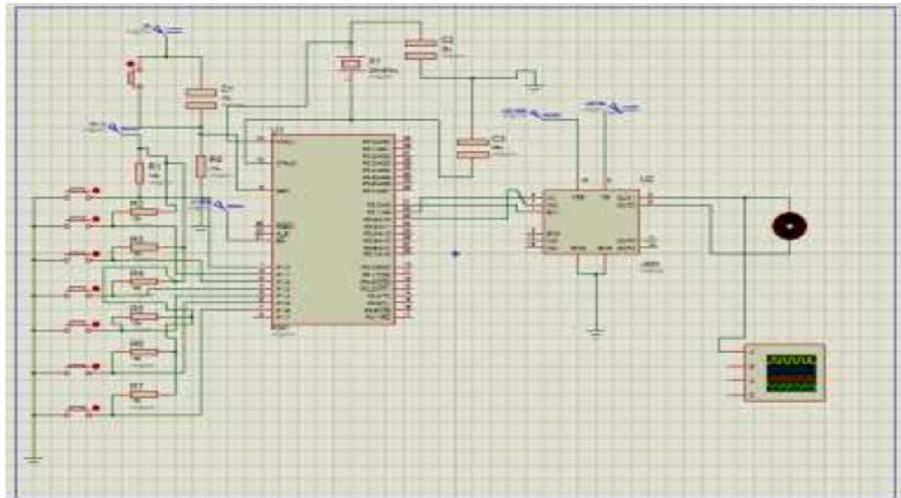


Fig. Schematic Diagram

III. RESULT

The experimental results or output of a Four Quadrant Operation of a DC Motor using a Microcontroller can vary depending on the specific implementation and objectives of the experiment. However, here are some potential experimental results or outputs that can be observed:

1. Motor Speed Control: The microcontroller-based system allows for precise control of the motor speed in all four quadrants of operation. The experimental results may show how the motor speed can be varied smoothly and accurately in both forward and reverse directions.
2. Torque Control: The microcontroller can regulate the torque produced by the motor in each quadrant. The experimental results may demonstrate how the torque output can be adjusted and maintained at different levels to meet specific requirements.
3. Direction Control: The microcontroller enables seamless switching of the motor direction between forward and reverse in all four quadrants. The experimental results may illustrate how the motor can smoothly change direction without any abrupt changes or instability

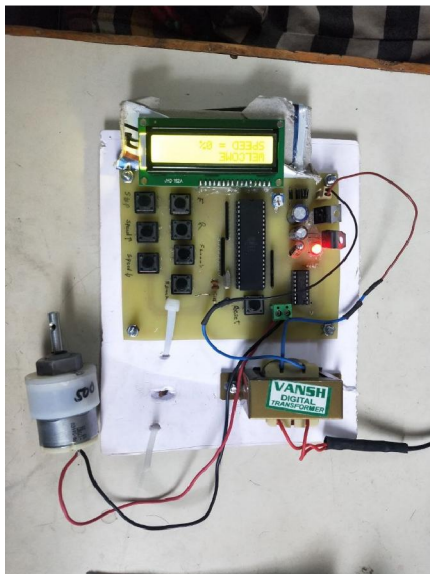


Fig 1. Circuit Diagram



Fig 2. Final Result

IV. CONCLUSION

- The system is very easy to operate and user-friendly for people
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- There is no need for maintenance for a long period of time.
- The maintenance cost is very low

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