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The Use of Technology in the Educational the System

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Abstract: The paper that follows looks at how technology is used in school systems and how it has changed the way teaching and learning are done. Technologies have become an important part of the educational system of today because it makes it possible to make cutting-edge tools and resources that make teaching better and stronger. Some ways that technology is being used in educational institutions today are educational software, online learning platforms, mobile devices, and virtual reality. This paper looks at these and other ways that electronic devices are being used in classrooms. Aside from that, it talks about the pros, cons, and possible future effects of putting technology into educational settings. The research's results show how electronic devices can help students get involved, work together, learn on their own, and help educators do their jobs better. The paper also talks about other things that need to be thought about for implementation to work well. Infrastructure, training for teachers, and making sure everyone has the same access to technology are some of these factors. In broad terms, the goal of this research paper is to show how important it is for schools to use technology as a useful tool to create dynamic, learner-centered learning environments that prepare students for the challenges of the future.

Keywords: Technology, the education system, learning, teaching, educational software, online learning platforms, mobile devices

I. INTRODUCTION

In the past few decades, the use of different kinds of electronic devices in the classroom has not only become more common but has also grown much more useful. Technological advances have completely altered how we live, work, share information, and learn, and putting these changes through the educational system could make both education and learning much better. This research paper looks at how gadgets are used in the education system and how it has helped improve learning outcomes, increase access to education, and prepare scholars for the needs of the digital age.

Conventional methods of teaching are being put to the test in today's world, which is interrelated and changing quickly. This gives them possibilities as well as difficulties to adapt and move forward. Educators can meet these challenges while taking advantage of new opportunities by using cutting-edge tools and resources made possible by technological advances. Learners can be engaged by technology, which can also help them work together, make lessons more relatable, and make learning more immersive. Educational software and online learning platforms, mobile devices, and virtual reality are all instances of this kind of technology.

The purpose of this research paper is to investigate the advantages, disadvantages, and potential repercussions of incorporating technological advancements into the instructional process. We can gain insights into the potential of technology to improve teaching practices, improve student engagement, and create more dynamic and effective learning environments if we investigate the various ways in which it is being used in classrooms and educational institutions.

This article will delve into the benefits of integrating technology into educational settings, including its ability to increase student engagement and motivation, facilitate personalized learning experiences, foster collaboration and communication, expand access to educational resources, and support the effectiveness of teachers and their professional development.

Furthermore, this research paper will address the challenges and considerations associated with the integration of technology. These challenges and considerations include issues with infrastructure and connectivity, equitable access to

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technology, concerns regarding privacy and security, teacher training and professional development, and effective pedagogical integration.

This article will present case studies and examples showcasing the successful implementation of technology in education and its impact on the learning outcomes of students to provide a comprehensive understanding of the topic. It will also investigate emerging trends and the future implications of technology in education, such as the incorporation of artificial intelligence, machine learning, data-driven decision-making, learning analytics, gamification, and immersive learning experiences, among other things.

In short, the goal of this research paper is to show how electronic devices are used in education and how it has the potential to change how teaching and learning are done. Teachers, policymakers, and other stakeholders can make informed decisions regarding the best ways to use technology in education if they have a solid understanding of the benefits, challenges, and long-term effects of using technology. In the end, incorporating technology into education has the potential to change the way education is done in the future and give students the abilities and information they need to do well in the digital age.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

In the past few years, there has been a big change in how much attention is paid to putting technology into the realm of education. This literature review looks at and tries to make sense of the research and writing that has already been done on how technological advances are used in education, with a focus on how this use affects teaching and learning. This review looks at a wide range of studies to learn about the benefits, problems, and best ways to use technology in learning.

Improving Instructional Methods: Examples of Effective Use of Technology:

An investigation into the various models and frameworks for the incorporation of technology, such as the SAMR model and the TPACK framework, as well as the effect these models and frameworks have on the instructional, practices of teachers.

studies that investigate the factors that contribute to the successful implementation of technology in the classroom.

Learning Through Interactive Media and Multimedia:

Investigation into the use of multimedia tools and interactive learning platforms to improve the efficacy of teaching and encourage more active learning on the part of students.

An investigation into the impact that using multimedia resources has on the student's cognitive processes, the amount of knowledge they acquire, and the information they remember.

Flipping the Classroom and Blended Learning:

This article looks at how well-blended learning models and the flipped classroom approach help students learn in a way that is centered on them and gives them individualized education.

Investigations look into the role that technology plays in making learning and teaching more personalized and in giving students more power. Engagement of Students and What They Learn as a Result: Learning Environments in the Digital Age: This study looks at how the use of digital learning environments affects students' interest, motivation, and overall participation in the learning process. An investigation into the link between how much technological equipment pupils use and how well they do in school. Learning and Communication in Collaborative Settings: Studies that look at how well technology-mediated collaborative learning activities and online communication tools help students work together, share expertise, and get along with each other.

An investigation into how the use of online discussion forums, social media, and virtual learning communities has changed how kids learn.

Learning That Is Both Adaptive And Personalised:

Investigation of adaptive learning technologies and intelligent tutoring systems, particularly concerning the potential of these tools to deliver personalized instruction and address the specific educational requirements of individual students.

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Investigation into the efficacy of using adaptive tests and learning analytics to track the development of individual students and provide data for informing instructional choices.

The Digital Divide and Other Inequities: Access and Equity:

An investigation into the digital divide and its effects on students and teachers' availability of modern technology and online resources in educational institutions.

research projects that investigate various strategies and initiatives designed to close the digital divide and provide equal access to technology for all students.

Education That Welcomes All Students:

An investigation into the role technology plays in making education more inclusive and helping students with different learning needs. Look into how the use of accessible technologies and other accessibility features can make learning better for students with disabilities. Continuing education for teachers and professional development: training in how to use technology: Evaluation of professional development programs that aim to improve teachers' technological pedagogical content knowledge (TPACK), as and help them use technology more effectively in their educational settings. Studies on how teachers' attitudes, skills, and ways of teaching change when they learn more about technology as part of their professional development.

The Views of Teachers and the Obstacles They Face:

An investigation into the attitudes, beliefs, and perceptions of educators concerning the implementation of technology in the classroom. The identification of obstacles and difficulties that are encountered by educators in the process of integrating technology, such as a lack of resources, time constraints, and resistance to change. The following are some future trends and directions: An examination of new technologies like virtual reality, artificial intelligence, gamification, and mobile learning, as well as how they might change the way we teach and learn. Look into new ways to use technology in education and new trends. The goal of this literature review is to show how vital technology is in the education system and how it can be used to improve teaching methods, keep students interested, improve learning outcomes, and make sure everyone has the same chances to learn. The results look to show that Studies demonstrate that teachers' attitudes, skills, and ways of teaching change when they learn more about technology as part of their professional growth.

III. CONCLUSION

It is being shown that putting technology to use in schools can be a transformative force that can change many things about how instructional activities are done. During this review of the relevant literature, we looked at the pros and cons of using technology in education, as well as the best methods that are available right now.

The results show that putting technology into teaching practices makes teaching methods better by making novel instructional strategies available, making blended learning and flipped classroom models easier, and making it easier for students to learn from multimedia and interactive content. When teachers do a good job of integrating technology into their teaching, they can create dynamic, interesting learning environments that are tailored to each student's needs. Using technology also makes students more interested in their education and improves the results of their education. With digital learning environments, tools for collaborative learning, and personalized learning experiences, students are more likely to take part, think critically, and remember what they learn. Adaptive technologies and learning analytics allow for personalized instruction. This means that students can learn at their own pace, and both teachers and students can get useful feedback. Access and fairness in education are important things to think about, and technology could help close the digital divide in a big way. To help students with different ways of learning and to promote inclusive education, it is important to make sure that everyone has the same access to technology and digital resources. With the support of different assistive technologies and accessible features, every pupil can have better chances to learn. To successfully integrate technology into the classroom, teachers need to have good competent development and training. How quickly and effectively technology is used in the classroom depends on what teachers think, how they see it, and how they feel about it. To get the most out of putting technology in the classroom, it is important to give teachers

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comprehensive and ongoing professional development programs that focus on improving their technological pedagogical content knowledge (TPACK). When looking into the future, new technologies like virtual reality, artificial intelligence, gamification, and mobile learning look like good ways to improve the education system in the future. These technologies could give students more immersive learning experiences, get them more involved in the learning process, and help them be more creative and think critically. In conclusion, putting technology into the realm of education has shown that it works well as a powerful tool for making both teaching and learning better.

Its incorporation addresses issues of access and fairness and helps students get involved, work together, and learn in a way that is best for them. To use technology to its fullest extent in the classroom, teachers need to have access to ongoing support and good opportunities for personal growth. If we accept and use technology, we can make environments that are learner-centered and open to everyone, and that prepare students for success in the digital age.

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