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Review on Health Monitoring System Through IoT

Sushant Ghatolkar¹, Dikshant Khobragade²,Shubham Sontakke³,Sameen Khan⁴, Gunwant Mundhe⁵, Prof. Sharda Dabhekar⁶

^{1,2,3,4,5}Student, Rajiv Gandhi College of Engineering, Research & Technology, Chandrapur, Maharashtra, India ⁶Professor, Rajiv Gandhi College of Engineering, Research & Technology, Chandrapur, Maharashtra, India

Abstract: In the current healthcare environment, there is a growing need for advanced technologies to address the issue of unexpected deaths caused by heart problems and attacks, particularly among elderly individuals. This problem arises due to the lack of timely medical intervention and monitoring. To overcome this challenge, we propose an innovative design called Patient Health Monitoring, which utilizes sensor technology and internet connectivity to communicate vital information to healthcare providers and family members. The system incorporates temperature and motion sensors that are connected to an Arduino Uno microcontroller. The microcontroller is then linked to a television display and a Wi-Fi connection, enabling the transmission of data to a web server (wireless seeing knot). By utilizing this system, we aim to prevent unforeseen deaths by providing real-time health monitoring for patients. The temperature and motion sensors detect any abnormalities, such as a sudden rise in body temperature or lack of movement, which could indicate a potential health issue. This information is then relayed to healthcare providers and loved ones through the internet, ensuring prompt medical attention can be provided when necessary. In summary, our proposed design leverages wireless technology, sensor devices, and internet connectivity to improve patient monitoring and reduce the incidence of unexpected deaths caused by heart problems. By implementing this system, we can enhance medical care for elderly individuals and ensure timely intervention in critical situations.

I. INTRODUCTION

The Intensive Care Unit (ICU) is a specialized unit in hospitals where critically ill patients receive intensive treatment and monitoring. In such critical conditions, healthcare providers, often referred to as croakers, require constant updates on patients' vital health parameters, including heart palpitation and temperature. However, manually tracking and monitoring these parameters for each patient can be extremely tedious and impractical, especially when dealing with multiple cases simultaneously. To address this challenge, an IoT-based ICU Case Monitoring System offers an innovative solution.

The IoT-based ICU Case Monitoring System is designed to automate and streamline the monitoring process for ICU patients, eliminating the need for continuous manual intervention. This system utilizes the Internet of Things (IoT) technology, which involves connecting various devices and sensors to collect and transmit data wirelessly.

In this system, sensors are attached to the patients to continuously measure their vital health parameters, such as heart rate and body temperature. These sensors are connected to a central monitoring unit, which collects and analyzes the data in real-time. The collected data is then transmitted through the IoT infrastructure to the healthcare providers, ensuring that they receive immediate and up-to-date information on the patients' health status.

By implementing this system, healthcare providers can remotely and efficiently monitor the critical condition of ICU patients without the need for constant manual monitoring. The system can generate automated alerts and notifications if any parameter deviates from the normal range, enabling timely interventions and appropriate medical actions.

In summary, the IoT-based ICU Case Monitoring System revolutionizes the way critical patients in the ICU are monitored. It eliminates the burden of manual tracking and provides healthcare providers with real-time updates on patients' vital health parameters. This technology-driven solution enhances the efficiency and effectiveness of ICU care, ultimately improving patient outcomes.

A. Preface

The internet has witnessed a remarkable evolution, and a technology known as the Internet of Things (IoT) has emerged and is rapidly gaining momentum. IoT, along with cloud computing and edge computing, offers a new and more efficient

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approach to data collection and transmission. This concept, referred to as the Internet of Effects, has the potential to revolutionize the healthcare sector and enhance the well-being of humanity.

In the traditional healthcare system, patients are required to visit clinics or hospitals for medical check-ups, which can be time-consuming and inconvenient. However, with the Internet of Effects, a real-time health monitoring system can be established. This system utilizes sensors to measure crucial health parameters such as heart rate and body temperature, enabling the data to be transmitted and analyzed in real-time.

By leveraging the Internet of Effects, individuals can gain better control over their health conditions. Instead of relying on occasional visits to healthcare facilities for comprehensive tests, people can access and analyze their health data through the internet, empowering them to actively monitor their well-being.

Furthermore, the Internet of Effects facilitates connectivity between various devices and platforms, enabling functions such as sending alerts and emergency dispatches. By leveraging open-source services like Google, the system can establish connections and quickly respond during critical situations.

To summarize, the Internet of Effects, powered by technologies such as IoT, cloud computing, and edge computing, promises to reshape the healthcare sector. It enables real-time health monitoring, empowers individuals to take charge of their well-being, and facilitates efficient communication during emergencies. This technology has the potential to improve healthcare outcomes and contribute to the overall welfare of humanity.

B. Regarding Research Paper

Currently, a promising development in healthcare is to move routine medical checks and other health care services from the sanitarium to the home atmosphere. With that, cases get health care more snappily, particularly in case of critical situations. also, hospitals can dwindle their cargo by shifting the possible and easy tasks to the home terrain. One good feature as advantage is the lower the expenditure. Cases could avoid the freights charged by the sanitarium each time they went to visit the croaker thus, it's critical that shortly, a trending technology needs to be executed in the health assiduity to expand advanced health care ways and technologies and use them for the easy monitoring of cases from anywhere differently.

In this operation, the tackle inserts, which consists of microcontroller knot MCU, glucose temperature detector, twinkle detector. These detectors smell the data transferred to the web operation. This operation can be created in a stoner-friendly manner using the PHP software. In this operation, the cases can reach the croaker's advice indeed in his physical absences, i.e., the cases can report their issues to the croaker by this website. also the croaker reads the communication transferred by the case and gives his tradition through a communication which reaches the case through a mobile phone. Therefore, Case monitoring includes the checking of physical conditions of the case and their drug details and thus precluding the circumstance of critical conditions of the cases and periodically control in nurturing the case's health conditions. Some uses of healthcare IoT are mobile medical operations or wearable bias that allows cases to capture their health data.

The current script of designing wearable biosensor systems develop an armature grounded on an ontology of The increased use of mobile technologies and smart bias in the area of health has caused great impact on the world. Health experts are decreasingly taking advantage of the benefits these technologies bring, therefore generating a significant enhancement in health care in clinical settings and out of them. Likewise, innumerous ordinary druggies are being served from the advantages of the M- Health (Mobile Health) operations and E-Health(health care supported by ICT) to ameliorate, help and help their health. Operations that have had a major retreat for these druggies, so intuitive terrain. The Internet of effects is decreasingly allowing to integrate bias able of connecting to the Internet and give information on the state of health of cases and give information in real time to croakers who help. It's clear that habitual conditions similar as diabetes, heart and pressure among others, are remarkable in the world profitable and social position problem.

The end of this composition is toand their advance biosensors for an effective health- care monitoring system has a lot of attention in the scientific community, which makes worth for the assiduity aspects during the recent times. In addition, this advanced health- care system focuses on high quality and veritably much low cost, also which is to be dependable and secured? Health care is been a big issue due to lack of vacuity of expert croaker's and the current trend to concentrate on the being issues. In this paper, it missions the information about the telemetric and Holter electrocardiograph (ECG) storehouse(muscle) technology benefits, which has the scientific community which scopes about to advance in the field of

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ECG and cardiac safety. In addition, then, it focuses on Virtues Middleware used in the health- care results. The main advantages are as low power consumption by the detectors and an early warning system which is veritably helpful in general wards in the hospitals for waking the cases from serious health imperfect conditions.

The Internet of effects has handed occasion and operations for medical cases. The IOT operations are crucial enabling technologies in medical service. It's important way for taking care of case's health. IOT is conforming of communication and detectors which are suitable tools for IOT grounded health care monitoring system. The end of this review paper is to epitomize colorful health parameters of mortal body using detectors proposed by different authors. In recent times more important IOT operations are developed as well wide range of openings are handed. Health covering system has been challenges for experimenters. The important operation of IOT system is it helps to drop health affiliated problems of cases. The main conception of this design is to produce a low-cost affordable health monitoring system for people in remote locales where vacuity of specialist croakers isn't possible. This system is movable. Low cost and can be fluently operated by anyone with limited knowledge. Also, this conception is developed using IoT, so that we can shoot the data to a remote garçon from which it can be penetrated by croakers. This design is designed using Arduino mega 2560 microcontroller development board, ADS1292r ECG guard, LM35 are generating analog affair, so they're connived to the analog legs of Arduino Mega. Using the Pulse oximeter, we can get the palpitation rate and BP. All the below readings (ECG graph, Blood pressure, twinkle, temperature) are read through separate legs and are stored in colorful variables along with displaying on TV locally.

You can create account using any one of the platforms Allthingstalk, Thingspeak, Smartliving, IBM Bluemix The credentials of the IoT account like Username, Device- Id, Asset- Id, Secret crucialetc., In the Arduino program, the below credentials are added along with unique leg figures for means (Parameters) to be discerned. The parametric readings from above procedure which are stored in colorful variables along with their separate leg figures (to identify them) are transmitted to the IoT account using ESP8266 Wi- Fi interface, also the IoT platform processes them and adds to the preliminarily stored values to log data. The logged parametric data can be penetrated from anywhere by penetrating our IoT account. Also, we can add multiple druggies to a single account to cover data like remote specialist croakers etc.

This paper shows using Healthcare covering grounded on Cloud Computing to pierce vital health parameters to give realtime buzzer exigency response. This paper is grounded on Security of the health care data and review of healthcare monitoring using IoT." An IOT Based Health care monitoring system". Constant observation is needed in hospitals where the cases are under medical care for a longer period of time. Although the case isn't in a critical situation, the croakers still need evidence on their health parameters. The end of this paper is to supervise the heart rate, blood pressure. Temperature and ECG continuously through separate detectors. The recorded data is transferred to the device and if the value exceeds, the alert communication will be transferred to the croaker Your Personal Information is 100% secured with us.

Healthcare is a vast arena that's composed of numerous different factors. Delivering healthcare involves clinical practices, hospitals, apothecaries, home health providers, long- term care providers, pharmaceutical companies, and medical- device manufacturers. It also involves health and heartiness products and services, insurance companies, and governments Furnishing services to end- druggies. The given section provides a detail review with an analysis of the recent exploration on IoT- grounded healthcare- monitoring systems. Table 1 summarizes some of the recent studies regarding IoT- grounded healthcare- monitoring systems.

The wearable device developed by Wuetal. observer colorful physiological parameters, including body temperature(BT), electrocardiograph(ECG), and heart rate (HR). Using palpitation appearance, time(PAT) to measure ECG and PPG, it's possible to estimate blood pressure(BP). The commerce between humans and remote monitoring programs is straightforward because all the factors are designed within a rigid frame. In addition, the power consumption of the bias is low, and they can communicate line-Lesly to make customized measures of a specific physiological signal.

The data are translated at the detector patch and gateways to maintain sequestration, icing transmission security. The wearable detector system is connected to the pall using a smartphone and a jeer Pi module as a gateway; the data can be recaptured and anatomized from the pall. Despite its low energy consumption, BLE technology is infelicitous for wireless communication over long distances and high data rates. It not only collects data on cases' BT, HR, and other vital signs but also monitors environmental factors in the sanitarium room, similar as CO, CO2, and moisture. The success rate of

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ultramodern healthcare systems is 95 agreements between covered and factual data in all cases Medical staff can view the data in real- time, either on- point or ever. Hypothetically, the technology would be helpful during medical heads and pandemics, as medical labor force would have nearly instant access to raw data. The proposed model created is treacherous easy to design and use, similar bias could be helpful in managing contagious- complaint outbreaks, Similar as COVID- 19. Potentially, this system could save further lives by perfecting the efficiency of the being healthcare system, still, at this stage, the system still lacks some epidemic- related detectors that need to be estimated formerly enforced.

II. SCOPE OF THE RESEARCH

This project aims to develop an IoT-based health monitoring system that incorporates both hardware and software components. The system prototype consists of sensors and a data processing broker. By connecting to the internet, authorized users can remotely monitor the health data and track the location of the system user. Additionally, the system maintains a database that stores all the user's health data, allowing authorized users to easily access and review previous records.

It's important to note that this project primarily focuses on showcasing the implementation and integration of IoT technology in the health monitoring system. However, due to budget constraints, the accuracy and reliability of the sensors used in the system have not undergone medical verification. Consequently, these sensors are not suitable for precise medical analysis or diagnosis.

In simpler terms, this project creates a system that enables authorized users to monitor someone's health and location using IoT. The system stores all the health data in a database, allowing easy access to past records. However, it's essential to understand that the sensors used in this project are not medically approved, so they should not be relied upon for serious medical analysis or diagnosis.

III. CONCLUSION

The main objective of this design is to create an IoT-based health monitoring system that provides real-time monitoring of a person, referred to as the "stoner." The proposed system allows for tracking the stoner's location, transmitting health data to a visualization platform in real-time, and sending alarm notifications to phones and emails.

To track the stoner's position, the system utilizes geolocation services. This information can be crucial in locating the stoner during emergencies. The real-time visualization of health data is displayed on an effects board, which can be accessed by the stoner's relatives or authorized individuals. If there are unexpected changes in heart rate or abnormal body temperature, alarm notifications can be sent to relevant personnel.

All health data collected is stored in a secure and reliable database, allowing the stoner to keep track of their health condition by reviewing the stored data. To validate the functionality of the detectors and the overall system, tests and trials have been conducted.

In simpler terms, this design aims to develop a system that uses IoT technology to monitor the health of an individual, referred to as the "stoner." The system tracks their location, provides real-time health data visualization, and sends alarm notifications for critical health changes. The stoner's relatives or authorized individuals can access the health data, which is securely stored in a database. The system has undergone testing to ensure its effectiveness.

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