

Website for Vedik Pooja

Mr. V. D. Nalawade¹, Mr. S. D. Shinde², Ms. Neha N. Mane³, Ms. N. N. Mane⁴, Ms. A. A. Jadhav⁵

Lecturer, CM, Adarsh Institute of Technology & Research Centre, Vita, Maharashtra, India¹

Students, CM, Adarsh Institute of Technology & Research Centre, Vita, Maharashtra, India^{2,3,4,5}

Abstract: *The Hindu faith is practised by more than one billion people worldwide. Hindus predominate in Nepal and India. For countless years, Hinduism has been the predominant religion in India. The religion is said to have its origins prior to 2000 BCE, during the height of the Harappa Civilization in the Indus Valley. Hinduism is now universally acknowledged to be a polytheistic religion that mixes the worship of several deities with the belief in a single divine reality (Molloy 78). A key element of this ancient religion is puja, which is a type of devotion that a person delivers to the image of a deity or a group of gods. All Pooja supplies must be purchased from the market. If the location we live in is foreign to us or if we just moved there, doing this religious ceremony becomes an exercise in this scenario. Every problem must have a solution, from where to get Supplies to where to distribute the goods. A unique website called VedikPooja caters to customer demands, suggests the essential items of equipment needed for the operation, and deals with the poojas that users want to execute. It is an automated mechanism that gives people all around the world access to all information pertaining to pooja. Users may interact with pandits online to learn more about each of their specialised fields of study. This programme is very significant in cities where pandits are hard to come*

Keywords: Website about Vedik Pooja, pandits, historical religion

I. INTRODUCTION

The history of puja is straightforward because there isn't much information accessible about its origins. There is little evidence from literature or archaeology that the Aryans, who lived in India throughout the Vedic era, worshipped gods in iconic forms. Puja grew in popularity between 300 and 750 C.E., during the later puranic period, according to researchers (Cush, Robinson, and York 633). This period was characterised by theism and the surge in popularity of temple construction. Puja eventually gave way to the main ritual of the time—the vedic blood sacrifice yajna. Unlike yajna, which had to be carried out by priests and was meant to satisfy a deity, puja may be performed by anybody and is meant to glorify the god. Puja rapidly attained even greater popularity as a result of the Bhagavadgita's recognition of it as the focal point of bhakti, or loving devotion.

Several religious ceremonies must be performed even after a person is born. Hinduism practises a variety of religious ceremonies, such as the 16 Sanskars and various expressions of Vastu, Shanti, and Yajya devotion. When performing these religious rituals, the first two considerations are the Muhurta and the Pandit who will be present at that Muhurta. The Pandit may not show up at the appointed time, and even if he does, there is no guarantee that he will have the necessary supplies for the ceremony on hand. In this instance, the ceremony needs to be prepared in full before he shows up. All Pooja supplies must be purchased from the market. If the location we live in is foreign to us or if we just moved there, doing this religious ceremony becomes an exercise in this scenario. Every problem must have a solution, from where to get Supplies to where to distribute the goods. A unique website called VedikPooja caters to customer demands, suggests the essential items of equipment needed for the operation, and deals with the poojas that users want to execute. It is an automated mechanism that gives people all around the world access to all information pertaining to pooja. Users may interact with pandits online to learn more about each of their specialised fields of study. This programme is crucial in areas of the city where pandits are hard to come by.

The only thing it does differently from other online pandit software is give priests' contact information so you can schedule an appointment with them and have the rites conducted in your home. If the location we live in is foreign to us or if we just moved there, doing this religious ceremony becomes an exercise in this scenario. Every problem must have a solution, from where to get Supplies to where to distribute the goods.

India has a big population that is distinct and loyal. The most common form of worship in almost every Indian home is "pooja." Despite their tremendous progress, Indians continue to follow all religious practises today. Everybody needs a pandit for Pooja periodically, whether it's for anhomam, a Pooja, or another auspicious occasion. It is important to understand the meaning and historical context of these traditions because so many people still follow them now. Most homes in the past had a family purohit who would occasionally visit and do all of the poojas in the house. Nevertheless, due of the diverse workplace, people are moving around seeking jobs. When someone has schedule issues, they cannot find suitable pandits for ceremonies, etc. All of these circumstances include a significant amount of online and digitization.

1.1 Objectives

The paper's key goals are:

- Users may be allocated to the Pandit easily.
- Pooja-style searches are possible.
- Assist the user in time savings.

1.2 Problem Statement

People are seeking for pandits to do puja in the countryside and from other places (like the city). The aim of "VedikPooja" is to oversee all pooja and catering-related operations. We can keep track of all the information regarding poojas and catering services using the method we provided in this paper. In order to find a pandit and a cook, the user doesn't have to go far. Along with all pertinent details on Indian religious aartis and Poojas, the broadcast provides profiles of a pandit and a caterer.

1.3 Need of Work

Astrology services, Vedic rites, religious ceremonies, and Hindu Pooja services are all provided through a website named PoojaPandit. We send recognised, knowledgeable, and experienced Shastries and Pandits from India to do the Pooja at your residence. As part of our services, we also provide online poojasamagri for pooja supplies. We aim to provide you with the best services at reasonable prices.

Numerous poojas, such as Namakaran, Mundan, Birthday, Janeu (Sacred Thread), SatyaNarayan, GrihaPravesh, Bhoomi, Navagraha Shanti, Vastu, RudraAbhishek, Bhagwat Katha, Sunderkand, Ramayan, Laxmi, and Ganesh poojas are catered to by PoojaPandit at reasonable prices. We are here to help you locate knowledgeable pandits for Hindu ceremonies.

In India, several traditions are still followed today. You may easily learn about many other cultures, religions, and customs here. One of the most well-liked traditions is doing pooja for future health. Through pooja, you may express your affection for god in a number of ritualistic ways. It will be essential in helping the person connect with their inner spiritual self. For a variety of reasons, pooja can be done for numerous gods. To get their approval is the primary driving force behind doing it. Through a brilliant service like Divinvite, individuals can now arrange poojas online, proving that even this aspect of tradition has been impacted by technology. This is one of the best websites that allows you to reserve various poojas via them.

II. EXISTING SYSTEM

Services for Hindu Pooja, Vedic rites, and religious ceremonies are provided on the website PoojaPandit. We send recognised, knowledgeable, and experienced Shastries and Pandits from India to do the Pooja at your residence. As part of our services, we also provide online poojasamagri for pooja supplies. We aim to provide you with the best services at reasonable prices. All kinds of poojas, including Satya Narayan, GrihaPravesh, Bhoomi, Navagraha, Vastu, RudraAbhishek, Bhagwat Katha, Sunderkand, Ramayan, Laxmi, and Ganesh poojas, are catered to by PoojaPandit at reasonable prices. We are here to help you locate knowledgeable pandits for Hindu ceremonies.

III. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

- **User:** The user must first sign up or sign in if they have previously done so.
- **Pandit:** People are searching for pandits to do puja from all around the country and beyond. To oversee all pooja-related activities, "VedikPooja" was created. After selecting an aarti that includes all the necessary documents, the user must select from a list of pandits who have registered with the website and review each one's online profile. The pandit is conveniently located for the user.
- **Catering:** The purpose of this study is to gauge how satisfied customers are with the catering services they receive from companies in the Sangli city for occasions such various pujas, weddings, etc. This study's main objectives were to identify the factors that influence customer satisfaction and determine how they connect to it. The dependent variable in this study is customer satisfaction, whereas the independent factors include perceptions of caterers and the facilities/services they provide, as well as the calibre of the food and services. A survey questionnaire was made using the questions from earlier research as a basis. This study can contribute to research on the subject by finding factors that influence service and product quality, which in turn influences customer satisfaction and helps caterers make the required adjustments.

IV. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

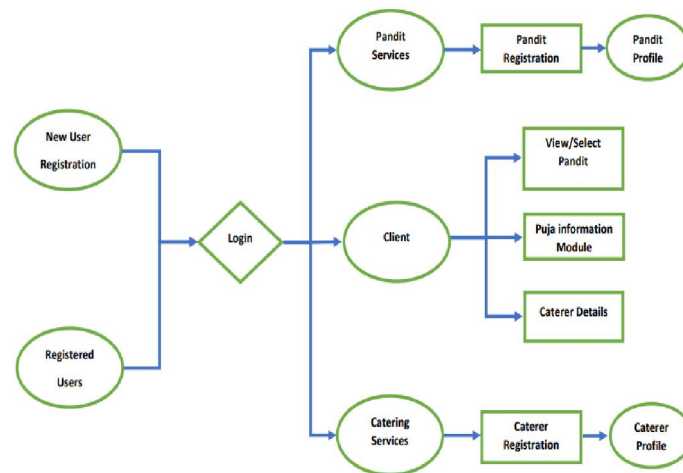


Fig. System Architecture of VedikPooja

V. IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS

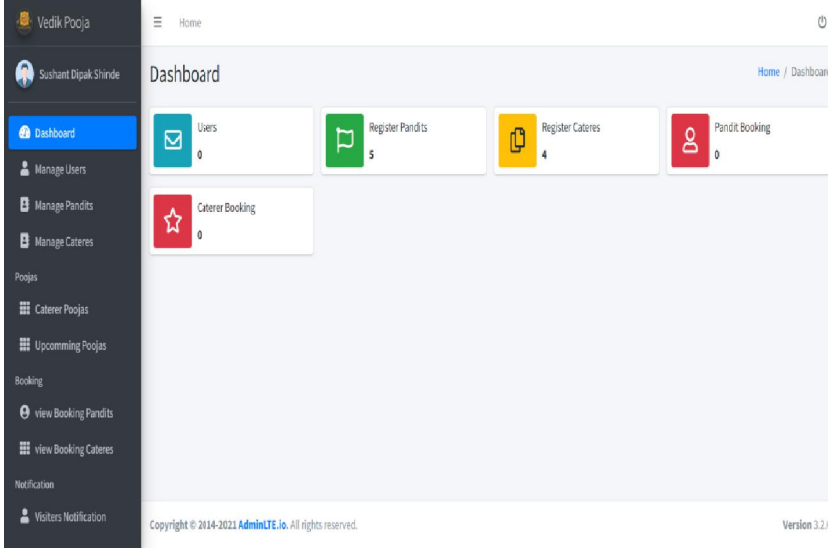
Functional Preconditions :

- Functional requirements describe how the system interacts with its environment, regardless of how they are implemented.
- User: The user can access the product details by typing the website's URL.
- He must have the ability to search up a certain puja.
- He can only see the details; he cannot alter them.

Needs that are not functional:

- Non-functional requirements outline features of the system that are visible to users but are not directly connected to how the system functions.
- Human considerations and the user interface
- For viewers, our system offers an excellent graphical user interface with a number of forms.
- Web browsers and any operating systems serve as the user and software product interfaces while the user is online.
- Anyone who is familiar with systems and the web may utilise this.

VI. PROJECT OUTPUT

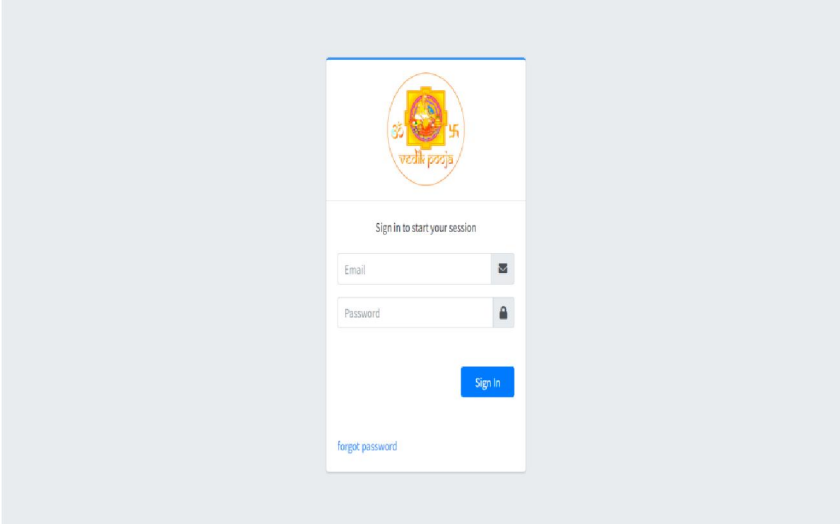


The dashboard for Vedik Pooja displays the following statistics:

- Users: 0
- Register Pandits: 5
- Register Caters: 4
- Pandit Booking: 0
- Caterer Booking: 0

Navigation menu includes: Manage Users, Manage Pandits, Manage Caters, Poojas (Caterer Poojas, Upcomming Poojas), Booking (view Booking Pandits, view Booking Caters), and Notification (Visitors Notification).

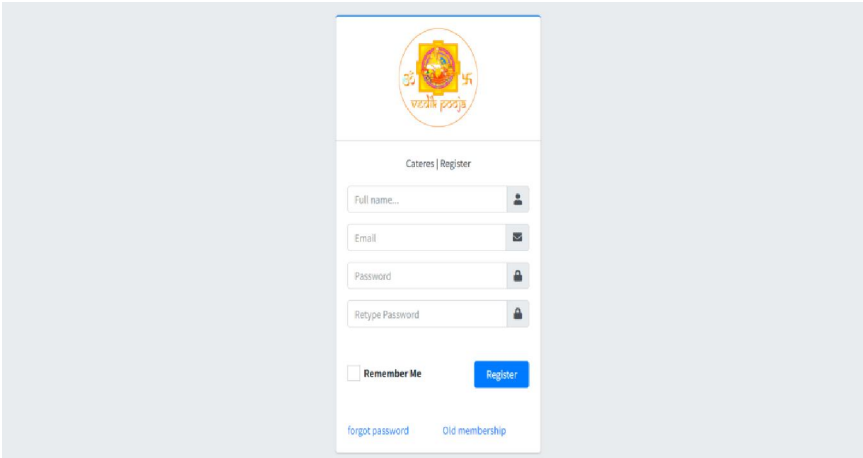
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The login page features the Vedik Pooja logo and a sign-in form with the following fields:

- Email
- Password

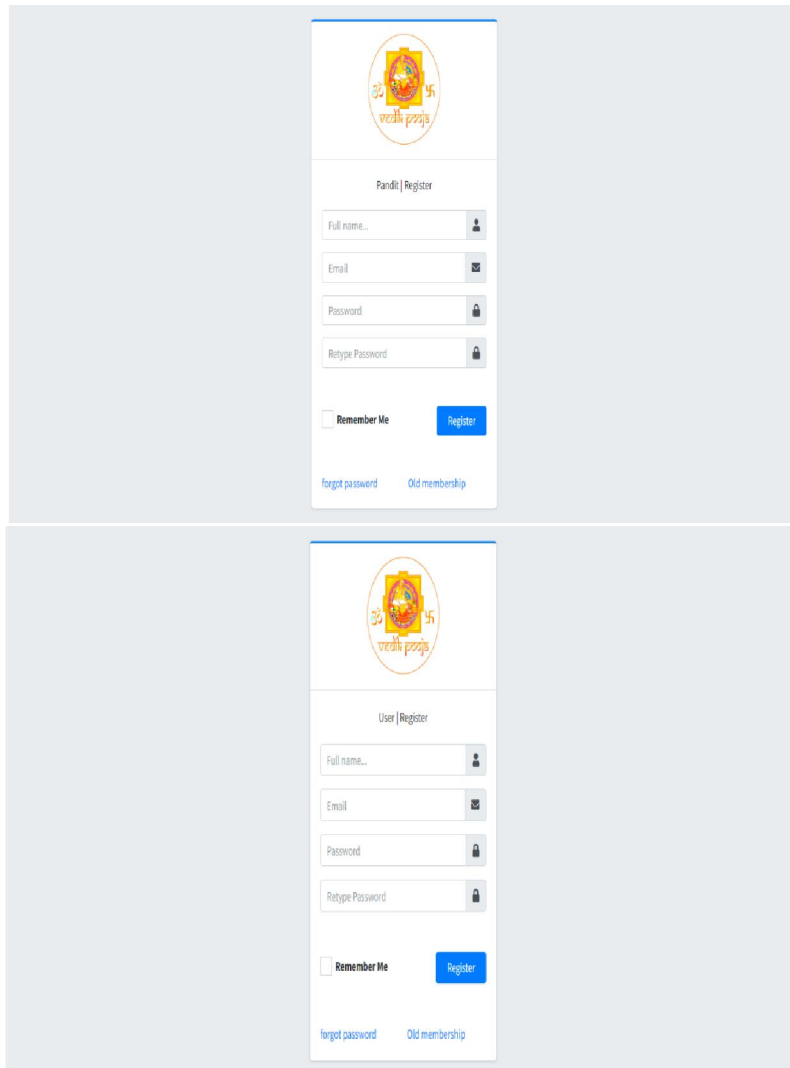
Buttons: Sign In, forgot password



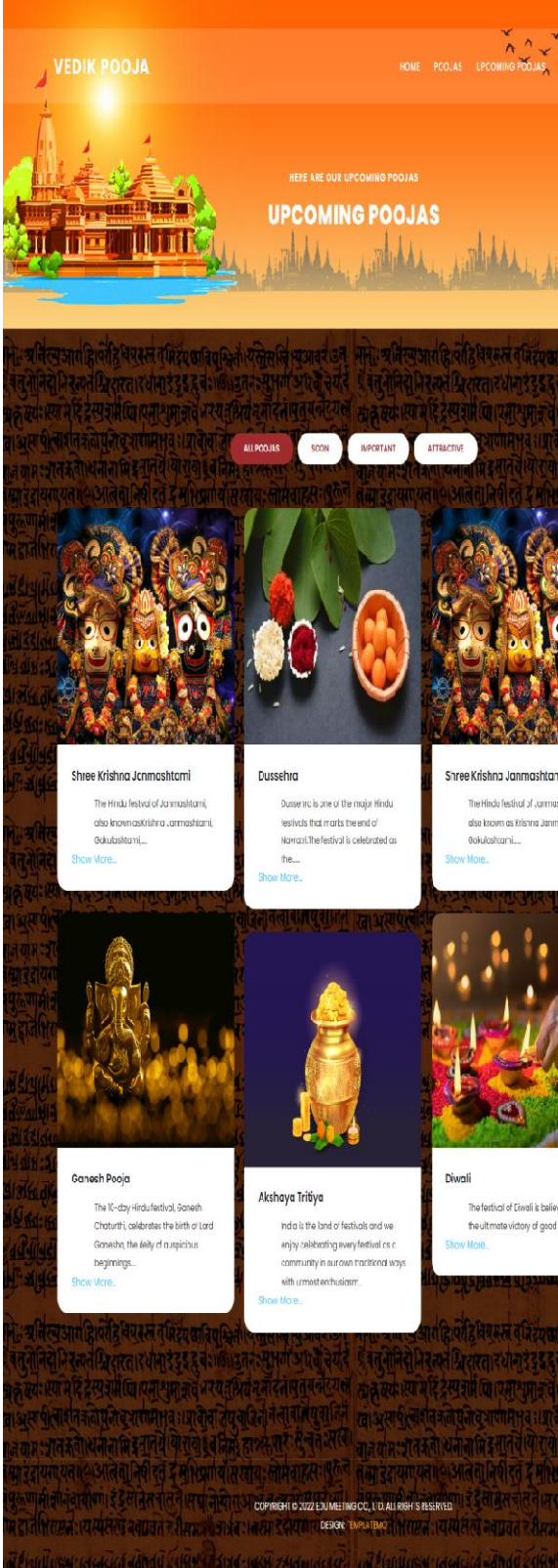
The register page is titled "Cateres | Register" and includes the following fields:

- Full name
- Email
- Password
- Retype Password

Buttons: Remember Me, Register, forgot password, Old membership



The image shows two identical registration forms stacked vertically. Each form features the IJAR SCT logo at the top, followed by the title 'Pandit | Register' (top) and 'User | Register' (bottom). The forms include input fields for 'Full name...', 'Email', 'Password', and 'Retype Password', each with a corresponding icon (person, envelope, and lock). A 'Remember Me' checkbox and a blue 'Register' button are positioned below the password fields. At the bottom of each form, there are links for 'forgot password' and 'Old membership'.



The screenshot shows a website interface for 'VEDIK POOJA'. At the top, there are navigation links for 'HOME', 'PCOJAS', and 'UPCOMING POOJAS'. The main heading is 'UPCOMING POOJAS'. Below this, there are several cards for different Hindu festivals:

- Shree Krishna Jnmashitami**: The Hindu festival of Jnmashitami, also known as Krishna Janmashtami, Okukashitami...
- Dussehra**: Dussehra is one of the major Hindu festivals that marks the end of Navratri. The festival is celebrated as the...
- Shree Krishna Janmashitami**: The Hindu festival of Jnmashitami also known as Krishna Janmashitami Okukashitami...
- Ganesh Pooja**: The 10-day Hindu festival Ganesh Chaturthi, celebrates the birth of Lord Ganesha, the deity of auspicious beginnings...
- Akshaya Tritiya**: India is the land of festivals and we enjoy celebrating every festival as a community in our own traditional ways with utmost enthusiasm...
- Diwali**: The festival of Diwali is believed the ultimate victory of good over...

At the bottom of the screenshot, there is a copyright notice: 'COPYRIGHT © 2022 EJMUBLISHING PCC, LTD. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED' and a design credit: 'DESIGN: EMPLOYMENT'.

VIII. CONCLUSION

Hinduism relies heavily on Vedic poojas (ritual worship), which are performed to express devotion, seek favours, and progress spiritually. These can be performed individually or collectively and typically involve giving gifts of flowers, food, and other items in addition to reading prayers and singing songs.

As a result, Hinduism's Vedic poojas (ritual worship) are crucial to the religion's cultural and religious life and offer a method for believers to express their devotion, establish a connection with God, and advance spiritually. The use of gifts, mantras and hymns, symbolic actions, and more are all incorporated into these poojas. They might be anything from straightforward daily sacrifices to intricate rites. The Vedic poojas of Hinduism are an important part of the cultural fabric of Hindu communities and have both a spiritual and cultural purpose. They promote cultural traditions and values and bring together families and communities for shared experiences. The specific form and content of a Vedic puja will vary depending on the individual god being worshipped, the person's personal beliefs, and the regional and cultural customs of the Hindu community. Whatever the details, Vedic poojas are viewed as a way to connect with the divine and express gratitude, devotion, and reverence for the celestial forces that control the world.

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