

Detection of Skin Cancer using Convolutional Neural Network

P. Manikanda Prabu¹, Samyukthasri R. M², Saranya R³

Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Science and Engineering¹
Final Year Students, Department of Computer Science and Engineering^{2,3}
Anjalai Ammal Mahalingam Engineering College, Thiruvavur, India

Abstract: *Due to their great complexity, expensive diagnosis, and subjective human interpretation, dermatological illnesses are one of the severe health challenges of today. When there are fatal illnesses like melanoma, which have a tendency to slowly spread throughout the body, they are best diagnosed in their early stages because this increases the likelihood of a successful treatment. Malignant melanoma, another name for melanoma, is the worst type of skin cancer and the cause of 75% of deaths from the disease. In 2022, it is anticipated to rank as the fifth most typical cancer for both males (57,180 instances) and women (42,600 cases). It's essential due to the high mortality rate connected with melanoma to find the first signs so they can be properly and quickly addressed. Skin biopsies are still used to diagnose skin cancer, however studies reveal that using new computer technologies like image processing mechanisms in processes connected to early diagnosis of this malignancy can enable discovery at an early stage that may heal the patient. The suggested model is built using a Convolutional Neural Network in conjunction with image processing software to create a better structure and increase accuracy. Phases involving data collection and preprocessing, CNN model creation, and detection make up our model's design. Early diagnosis will be aided by this, especially with the set photos of lesions on the skin. Skin cancer can be detected and can be distinguished from benign skin cancer and melanoma using lesion features including symmetry, colour, size, form, etc. When the model has been trained using the dataset of melanoma lesion images, user input data is handled. The user is presented with the results as high or low risks, and melanoma may be treated early on with little surgery.*

Keywords: Melanoma, Machine Learning, Convolutional Neural Network(CNN), Web application

REFERENCES

- [1]. Kaur, R.; GholamHosseini, H.; Sinha, R.Lindén, M. "Melanoma Classification Using a Novel Deep Convolutional Neural Network with Dermoscopic Images". Sensors 2022
- [2]. Ahmad naeem, Muhammad shoaib farooq, Adel khelifi, and Adnan abid, "Malignant Melanoma Classification Using Deep Learning: Datasets, Performance Measurements, Challenges and Opportunities", June 10, 2020
- [3]. Mehwish Dildar, Shumaila Akram, Muhammad irfan, "Skin cancer detection : A review using deep learning techniques", 2021
- [4]. Rehan Ashraf, Sitara Afzal, Atiq Ur Rehman, Sarah gul, Junaid Ul Baber, Maheen Bakkhtyar, Irfan Mehmood, Oh young song, Muzzam Maqsood "Region-of-Interest Based Transfer Learning Assisted Framework for Skin Cancer Detection", July 2020
- [5]. P. Ghosh, B. Kong, S. Sun, X. Wang, Q. Song, and S. Zhang, "Invasive cancer detection utilising compressed convolutional neural network and transfer learning," in Proc. Int. Conf. Med. Image Comput. Comput.-Assist. Inter-vent. Cham, Switzerland: Springer, 2018, pp. 156–164.
- [6]. R. Kasmir and K. Mokrani, "Classification of malignant melanoma and benign skin lesions: Implementation of automatic ABCD rule," IET Image Process., vol. 10, no. 6, pp. 448–455, June. 2016.

- [7]. S. Demyanov, R. Chakravorty, M. Abedini, A. Halpern, and R. Garnavi, "Classification of dermoscopy patterns using deep convolutional neural networks," in Proc. IEEE 13th Int. Symp. Biomed. Imag. (ISBI), Apr. 2016, pp. 364–368.
- [8]. I. Giotis, N. Molders, S. Land, M. Biehl, M. F. Jonkman, and N. Petkov, "MED-NODE: A computer-assisted melanoma diagnosis system using non-dermoscopic images," Expert Syst. Appl., vol. 42, no. 19, pp. 6578–6585, Nov. 2015.
- [9]. R. B. Oliveira, J. P. Papa, A. S. Pereira, and J. M. R. S. Tavares, "Computational methods for pigmented skin lesion classification in images: Review and future trends," Neural Comput. Appl., vol. 29, no. 3, pp. 613–636, Feb. 2018.
- [10]. "M. Q. Khan, A. Hussain, S. U. Rehman, U. Khan, M. Maqsood, K. Mehmood, and M. A. Khan, "Classification of melanoma and nevus in digital images for diagnosis of skin cancer," IEEE Access, vol. 7, pp. 90132–90144, 2019.