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Advanced Information Securing by Combining Fortified Binary Image Steganography and Asymmetric Encryption Standard

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Abstract: In information security, image steganography is one of the information securing process. Image steganography is mostly used in medical fields for hiding medical prescription data behind the medical images. Designing steganographic algorithms for empirical cover sources, such as digital images, is very perplexing due to the lack of accurate models. The most successful approach today avoids estimating the cover source distribution because this task is infeasible for complex and non-stationary sources. Instead, the steganography problem is formulated as source coding with fidelity constraint the sender entrenches the message with minimizing the distortion. Practical algorithms that entrench near the theoretical payload–distortion bound are available for a very general class of distortion functions. With the current framework, the only task left to the sender is essential for the design of the distortion function. Here information is which wants to be confidential that information's are stored behind the image pixels. However, due to increasing crypt analysis attacks and binary image de stenographic process image steganography has very less security. So improving the security in image steganography process, the current system provide the asymmetric encryption standard for improving more security in steganography.

Keywords: Steganography, Encryption, Distortion, Information securing

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