

# Probabilistic Methods for Enhancing Foreground Segmentation of Various Data Model using Big Data Model

Mahadevi Somnath Namose<sup>1</sup> and Dr. Tryambak Hiwarkar<sup>2</sup>

Research Scholar, Department of Computer Science<sup>1</sup>

Professor, Department of Computer Science<sup>2</sup>

Sardar Patel University, Balaghat, MP, India

**Abstract:** *Some indicators of social and economic health, especially those pertaining to developing countries, can swing wildly. A country's economy might take a hit if major economic indices like commodity prices, unemployment, currency exchange rates, etc., experience significant volatility. Instability in commodity prices is bad for economic development, financial reserves, and income distribution, and it may exacerbate poverty rather than alleviate it. Exports from various countries, including India, are dominated by commodities. The volatility of currency exchange rates has a ripple effect on commodity prices. Economic growth and stability require constant attention to these socioeconomic factors and an awareness of their inherent instability. Decades of research haven't shed any light on the reasons for a socioeconomic index's anticipated time and place fluctuations or the relationships between several indices. Economists can understand and foresee the volatility of social and economic indices with the use of predefined economic models. Traditionally, computational modelling has been the primary method of analysis for computer scientists when dealing with structured time series data. A rare opportunity to examine socioeconomic fluctuations has arisen because to the rapid expansion of unstructured data streams on the web and the development of cutting-edge computational linguistics algorithms during the past decade.*

**Keywords:** Probabilistic Methods

## REFERENCES

- [1]. J. Gillenwater, A. Kulesza, and B. Taskar. Discovering diverse and salient threads in document collections. In Proceedings of the 2012 Joint Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing and Computational Natural Language Learning, EMNLP-CoNLL '12, pages 710–720, Stroudsburg, PA, USA, 2012. Association for Computational Linguistics.
- [2]. J. Allan, R. Gupta, and V. Khandelwal. Temporal summaries of new topics. In Proceedings of the 24th Annual International ACM SIGIR Conference on Research and Development in Information Retrieval, SIGIR '01, pages 10–18, New York, NY, USA, 2001. ACM.
- [3]. R. Yan, L. Kong, C. Huang, X. Wan, X. Li, and Y. Zhang. Timeline generation through evolutionary trans-temporal summarization. In Proceedings of the Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing, EMNLP '11, pages 433–443, Stroudsburg, PA, USA, 2011. Association for Computational Linguistics.
- [4]. D. Shahaf and C. Guestrin. Connecting the dots between news articles. In Proceedings of the 16th ACM SIGKDD International Conference on Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining, KDD '10, pages 623–632, New York, NY, USA, 2010. ACM.
- [5]. A. Schick, M. Bauml, and R. Stiefelwagen. Improving foreground segmentations with probabilistic superpixelmarkov random fields. In Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition Workshops (CVPRW), 2012 IEEE Computer Society Conference on, pages 27–31, June 2012.
- [6]. Q. Mei and C. Zhai. Discovering evolutionary theme patterns from text: An exploration of temporal text mining. In Proceedings of the Eleventh ACM SIGKDD International Conference on Knowledge Discovery in Data Mining, KDD '05, pages 198–207, New York, NY, USA, 2005. ACM

- [7]. M. Michelson and C. A. Knoblock. Creating relational data from unstructured and ungrammatical data sources. *J. Artif. Int. Res.*, 31(1):543–590, Mar. 2008
- [8]. T. Mikolov, I. Sutskever, K. Chen, G. S. Corrado, and J. Dean. Distributed representations of words and phrases and their compositionality. *NIPS '13*, pages 3111–3119
- [9]. S. Nallareddy and M. Ogneva. Predicting restatements in macroeconomic indicators using accounting info, 2014
- [10]. Y. Nishihara, K. Sato, and W. Sunayama. Event extraction and visualization for obtaining personal experiences from blogs. In *Symposium on Human Interface and the Management of Information.*, pages 315–324, 2009.
- [11]. D. Pinto, A. McCallum, X. Wei, and W. B. Croft. Table extraction using conditional random fields. *SIGIR '03*, pages 235–242, 2003.
- [12]. K. Radinsky and E. Horvitz. Mining the web to predict future events. In *Proceedings of the sixth ACM international conference on Web search and data mining*, pages 255–264. ACM, 2013.
- [13]. D. Richards. Political complexity: Non linear models of politics. *J. Artificial Societies and Social Simulation*, 5(1), 2002.
- [14]. A. Schick, M. Bauml, and R. Stiefelhagen. Improving foreground segmentations with probabilistic superpixelmarkov random fields. In *Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition Workshops (CVPRW), 2012 IEEE Computer Society Conference on*, pages 27–31, June 2012.
- [15]. R. P. Schumaker and H. Chen. Textual analysis of stock market prediction using breaking financial news: The azfin text system. *ACM Transactions on Information Systems (TOIS)*, 27(2):12, 2009.