

Implementation and Evaluation of the Government Schemes Provided in Mattathur Panchayath Post 2018 Kerala Floods.

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Abstract: *Between June 1 and August 18, 2018, Kerala experienced the worst ever floods in its history since 1924. During this period, the state received cumulative rainfall that was 42% in excess of the normal average. . In Mattathur Panchayath 2233 people were moved into camps, 117 houses were destroyed out of which 72 houses were destroyed beyond repair. There were also major losses towards the agricultural sector and for people depending on agriculture and animal husbandry as a major source of livelihood. The 2018 floods paved way for a huge agricultural loss in Mattathur Panchayath. The major sectors that were affected by the floods were paddy fields, Banana along with nutmeg and coconut plantations. Government schemes are provided for the upliftment and rebuild mission due to the losses caused by the floods. The schemes implemented have been beneficial and effective to the majority of the respondents taken for the study in the Panchayath. This study focuses on these schemes and deals with various schemes and its effectiveness in Mattathur Panchayath.*

Keywords: Flood, Agricultural loss, Government schemes

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