

# Analytical Chemistry, Preformulation Research and Regulatory Requirements

G. M. Kadam\*

School of Chemical Sciences

S. R. T. M. University, Nanded, Maharashtra State, India

\*Corresponding Author: gopal.kadam@gmail.com

**Abstract:** *Experimental data for preformulation study is significant to develop a stable and safe drug product and forms the basis of preliminary information required to develop and design the final formulation. The experience, knowledge of drug substance components and ingredients planned to use in formulation, plays an important role in designing the preformulation studies. Co-ordination between the departments such as mainly analytical research and formulation research in conducting these studies i.e., interdepartmental co-ordination, exchange of information and knowledge to perform research experimentation is necessary, to understand the knowledge of the complete lifecycle of the drug product. Analytical chemistry deals with methods of analysis developed and planned to use for content determination of related substances/impurities leads to get noteworthy information required to develop stable formulation and to determine the stability of the drug product. The usage of multiple instrumental techniques for identification, estimation and characterization techniques are essential to get the results of the research studies. The cGMP and GLP requirements should be fulfilled and followed as per the respective country specific regulatory guidelines.*

**Keywords:** Analytical Instrumental Techniques, Methods of Analysis, Pharmaceutical Regulatory Authorities, Preformulation Study

## REFERENCES

- [1]. Handbook of modern pharmaceutical analysis, Edited by Satinder Ahuja and Stephen Scypinski, Volume 3, Separation science and Technology, p173
- [2]. Pinak Patel, Preformulation Studies: An Integral Part of Formulation Design DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.5772/intechopen.82868>
- [3]. Trevor M. Jones, Chapter 1: Preformulation Studies, in Pharmaceutical Formulation: The Science and Technology of Dosage Forms, 2018, pp. 1-41, DOI: 10.1039/9781782620402-00001, eISBN: 978-1-78262-040-2, From Book Series: Drug Discovery
- [4]. Q1A(R2)-Stability Testing of New Drug Substances and Products (ICH).
- [5]. Q1B-Photostability Testing of New Drug Substances and Products (ICH).
- [6]. Q1C-Stability Testing for New Dosage Forms (ICH).
- [7]. Q1D-Bracketing and Matrixing Designs for Stability Testing of New Drug Substances and Products (ICH).
- [8]. Q2(R1)-Validation of Analytical procedures: Text and methodology (ICH).
- [9]. Q3A (R2)-Impurities in New Drug Substances (ICH).
- [10]. Q3B(R2)-Impurities in New Drug Products (ICH).
- [11]. Q6A- Specifications: Test Procedures and Acceptance Criteria for New Drug Substances and New Drug Products: Chemical Substances (ICH).
- [12]. Hand book of Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) by World health organization.
- [13]. Q7- Good Manufacturing practice for active pharmaceutical ingredients (ICH).
- [14]. Schedule M (Good Manufacturing Practices and Requirements of premises, plant and Equipment for Pharmaceutical Products, Amended up to 30th June 2005, Department of Health, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, New Delhi).

- [15]. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Volume 4, 21 CFR 211(US FDA).
- [16]. MHRA, (January 2015), Regulating Medicines and Medical devices-GMP Data Integrity Definitions and Guidance for Industry.
- [17]. Data Integrity and Compliance with CGMP Guidance for Industry, (April 2016), USFDA, CDER, CBER, CVM, Pharmaceutical Quality/Manufacturing Standards (CGMP).
- [18]. Guideline on data integrity, (June 2020), Working document QAS/19.819/Rev.1, (Draft guideline by WHO).