

Smart Waste Management Using Deep Learning and Block Chain

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Abstract: *This study explores the use of machine learning (ML) to improve Linux process scheduling, focusing on predicting CPU burst times by analyzing process attributes. The objective is to reduce Turn-around-Time (TaT) by accurately forecasting burst times and adjusting time slices accordingly. The Linux Kernel scheduler (v2.4.20-8) is modified to implement this predictive scheduling. Using the Waikato Environment for Knowledge Analysis (Weka), an open-source ML tool, we evaluate various algorithms to determine the most effective method for this task, with the C4.5 Decision Tree algorithm yielding the best results. The modified scheduler reduces TaT by 1.4% to 5.8% due to fewer context switches, demonstrating the potential of predictive scheduling in enhancing operating system performance..*

Keywords: Smart Waste Management, YOLO V8, Blockchain, Waste Classification, Image Classification, Recycling, Data Security, Sustainability, AI, Environmental Impact

