An Empirical Study on Rape Against Men and Demand for Protection

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Abstract: *Rape is a violent act of forced penetration, and men can be victims just like women. While often underreported and stigmatized, rape against men is a serious issue with lasting effects. Laws regarding rape against men vary around the world. Some countries have clear legal definitions that encompass male victims, while others lack sufficient recognition. Rape against men is a severe problem that is frequently underreported. According to studies, around one in every 33 men will suffer or attempt rape in their lives. In most cases, males are raped by women; however, the difficulty here is that people often believe that because of their manliness and masculinity, men will not be raped, and the media does not highlight such stories. The government is not even taking steps to remedy this problem; nonetheless, we ourselves speak about the concept of equality, but in this case, equality is not followed. The data is collected through a questionnaire and the sample size is 203. The convenient sampling method is adopted in the study to collect the data. The samples were collected from Friends, relations through google form in Chennai region. The independent variables are gender, age, education qualification, occupation and income. The dependent variable is the ways in which the rape against men can be reduced. The main aim of the study is to make people aware about the rape that is happening against men and to solve this problem in the society and also to provide the right to equality treated.*

Keywords: Rape, Violent, Underreported, Manliness, Men