## IJARSCT



International Journal of Advanced Research in Science, Communication and Technology

International Open-Access, Double-Blind, Peer-Reviewed, Refereed, Multidisciplinary Online Journal

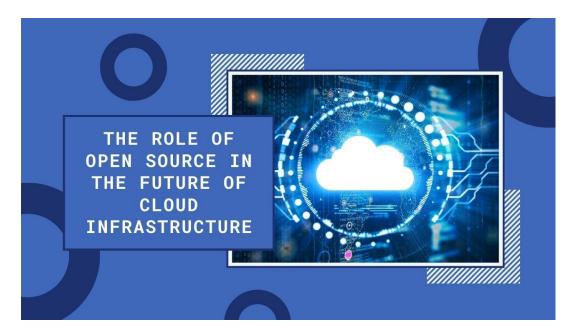
Volume 5, Issue 9, March 2025



## The Role of Open Source in the Future of Cloud

## Infrastructure

Shaileshbhai Revabhai Gothi University of Florida, USA



**Abstract:** Open-source software has fundamentally transformed cloud infrastructure, creating unprecedented opportunities for innovation, cost optimization, and collaborative development. This article examines open source's pivotal role in modern cloud computing environments, highlighting its economic benefits and strategic advantages. The rapid growth of global cloud spending, exceeding \$678 billion in 2024, coincides with the widespread adoption of open-source technologies that enable faster deployment cycles, reduce total cost of ownership, and mitigate vendor lock-in concerns. Through a community-driven development model, open-source cloud projects harness diverse expertise from technology companies, individual developers, academic researchers, and end-user organizations. This results in solutions that address broader use cases than proprietary alternatives. Key technologies, including Terraform, Kubernetes, and Bottlerocket OS, exemplify how open-source approaches deliver robust, interoperable, and efficient infrastructure solutions. Organizations implementing these technologies report substantial economic returns, improved operational efficiencies, and enhanced innovation capabilities. Emerging trends such as increased specialization, cross-cloud standardization, security-focused development practices, and AI integration suggest open source will continue to drive cloud infrastructure evolution, with the global cloud market projected to exceed \$1.12 trillion by 2028.

Keywords: Open source cloud infrastructure, multi-cloud standardization, collaborative development, infrastructure-as-code, container orchestration

Copyright to IJARSCT www.ijarsct.co.in



DOI: 10.48175/IJARSCT-24652



366