

Review Paper on Sleep Apnea Detection from Single-Lead ECG: A Comprehensive Analysis of Machine Learning and Deep Learning Algorithms

Aaryan Dhage¹, Shubham Bornare², Siddhi Karve³, Siony Chaudhari⁴, Prof. V. M. Dilpak⁵

Students, Department of Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning^{1,2,3,4}

Professor, Department of Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning⁵

All India Shri Shivaji Memorial Society Polytechnic Pune, Maharashtra, India

Abstract: Sleep apnea is a common condition that is characterized by sleep-disordered breathing. Worldwide the number of apnea cases has increased and there has been a growing number of patients suffering from apnea complications. Unfortunately, many cases remain undetected, because expensive and inconvenient examination methods are formidable barriers with regard to the diagnostics. Furthermore, treatment monitoring depends on the same methods which also underpin the initial diagnosis; hence issues related to the examination methods cause difficulties with managing sleep apnea as well. Computer-Aided Diagnosis (CAD) systems could be a tool to increase the efficiency and efficacy of diagnosis. To investigate this hypothesis, we designed a deep learning model that classifies beat-to-beat interval traces, medically known as RR intervals, into apnea versus non-apnea. The RR intervals were extracted from Electrocardiogram (ECG) signals contained in the Apnea-ECG benchmark Database. Before feeding the RR intervals to the classification algorithm, the signal was band-pass filtered with an Ornstein–Uhlenbeck third-order Gaussian process.

Keywords: Sleep Apnea Detection, Electrocardiogram (ECG), RR (R waves in ECG), Long short term memory (LSTM).

REFERENCES

- [1]. V. M. Altevogt and H. R. Colten, Sleep Disorders and Sleep Deprivation: An Unmet Public Health Problem. Washington, DC, USA: National Academies Press (U.S.), 2006.
- [2]. K. Feng, H. Qin, S. Wu, W. Pan, and G. Liu, “A sleep apnea detection method based on unsupervised feature learning and single-lead electrocardiogram,” IEEE Trans. Instrum. Meas., vol. 70, pp. 1–12, 2021.
- [3]. A. B. Neikrug and S. Ancoli-Israel, “Sleep disorders in the older adult— A mini-review,” Gerontology, vol. 56, no. 2, pp. 181–189, 2010.
- [4]. Q. Shen, H. Qin, K. Wei, and G. Liu, “Multiscale deep neural network for obstructive sleep apnea detection using RR interval from single-lead ECG signal,” IEEE Trans. Instrum. Meas., vol. 70, pp. 1–13, 2021.
- [5]. M. M. Lyons, N. Y. Bhatt, A. I. Pack, and U. J. Magalang, “Global burden of sleep-disordered breathing and its implications,” Respirology, vol. 25, no. 7, pp. 690–702, Jul. 2020.
- [6]. A. Pinho, N. Pombo, B. M. C. Silva, K. Bousson, and N. Garcia, “Towards an accurate sleep apnea detection based on ECG signal: The quintessential of a wise feature selection,” Appl. Soft Comput., vol. Oct. 2019, Art. no. 105568.
- [7]. W. Conwell et al., “Prevalence, clinical features, and CPAP adherence in REM-related sleep-disordered breathing: A cross-sectional analysis of a large clinical population,” Sleep Breathing, vol. 16, no. 2, pp. 519–526, Jun. 2012.
- [8]. G. Cybenko, “Approximation by superpositions of a sigmoidal function,” Math. Control, Signals Syst., vol. 2, no. 4, pp. 303–314, 1989.

- [9]. I. Ahmad, M. Basher, M. J. Iqbal, and A. Raheem, "Performance comparison of support vector machine, random forest, and extreme learning machine for intrusion detection," *IEEE Access*, vol. 6, pp. 33789–33795, 2018.
- [10]. Q. Yao, R. Wang, X. Fan, J. Liu, and Y. Li, "Multi-class arrhythmia detection from 12-lead varied-length ECG using attention-based time-incremental convolutional neural network," *Inf. Fusion*, vol. 53, pp. 174–182, Jan. 2020.
- [11]. K. Jankowsky and U. Schroeders, "Validation and generalizability of machine learning prediction models on attrition in longitudinal studies," *Int. J. Behav. Develop.*, pp. 1–8, 2021, doi: 10.1177/01650254221075034.
- [12]. M. Forouzanfar, F. C. Baker, I. M. Colrain, A. Goldstone, and M. Zambotti, "Automatic analysis of pre-ejection period during sleep using impedance cardiogram," *Psychophysiology*, vol. 56, no. 7, Jul. 2019, Art. no. e13355.
- [13]. M. Forouzanfar, F. C. Baker, M. de Zambotti, C. McCall, L. Giovangrandi, and G. T. A. Kovacs, "Toward a better noninvasive assessment of preejection period: A novel automatic algorithm for B-point detection and correction on thoracic impedance cardiogram," *Psychophysiology*, vol. 55, no. 8, Aug. 2018, Art. no. e13072.
- [14]. F. C. Baker et al., "Changes in heart rate and blood pressure during nocturnal hot flashes associated with and without awakenings," *Sleep*, vol. 42, no. 11, p. zsz175, Oct. 2019.
- [15]. H. Li and Y. Guan, "DeepSleep convolutional neural network allows accurate and fast detection of sleep arousal," *Commun. Biol.*, vol. 4, no. 1, pp. 1–11, Dec. 2021.
- [16]. M. Bahrami and M. Forouzanfar, "Deep learning forecasts the occurrence of sleep apnea from single-lead ECG," *Cardiovascular Eng*