

# How Antibiotic Revolutionized Medicine: A Comprehensive Review of their Evolution, Application and Ongoing Challenges

Arefa Sheikh\*, Sakshi Nale, Shruti Ramteke, Renuka Balpande

New Montfort Institute of Pharmacy, Ashti, Wardha, Maharashtra, India

**Abstract:** This review paper delves into the rich history of antibiotics in subsequent years. Examining their multifaceted uses, we explore the pivotal role antibiotics play in modern medicine, encompassing the treatment of bacterial infections, prophylactic applications, and contributions to various fields, including agriculture. The paper provides an in-depth analysis of the advantages of antibiotics, underscoring their life-saving potential, support for medical procedures, and prevention of severe complications. However, we also address the associated disadvantages, including antibiotic resistance, side effects, and ecological concerns. Current issues, such as the emergence of antibiotic-resistant strains, are discussed alongside ongoing efforts in research and development. This comprehensive exploration aims to provide a nuanced understanding of antibiotics, paving the way for informed decisions in their use and development.

**Keywords:** Antibiotic application, antibiotic resistance, global health impact, multi-faceted challenges, evolution of antibiotics.

## REFERENCES

- [1]. World Health Organization. (2015). Global Action Plan on Antimicrobial Resistance.
- [2]. Abraham, E. P., and E. Chain. 1940. An enzyme from bacteria able to destroy penicillin. *Rev. Infect. Dis.*10:677-678.
- [3]. Gale, E. F., E. Cundliffe, P. E. Reynolds, M. H. Richmond, and M. J. Waring (ed.). 1981. *The molecular basis of antibiotic action, 2nd ed.* John Wiley, Chichester, United Kingdom.
- [4]. Walsh, C. 2003. *Antibiotics: actions, origins, resistance.* ASM Press, Washington, DC.
- [5]. Marshall, B. M., D. J. Ochieng, and S. B. Levy. 2009. Commensals: unappreciated reservoir of antibiotic resistance. *Microbe*4:231-238.
- [6]. Wright, G. D., and M. Morar. The genomic enzymology of antibiotic resistance. *Annu. Rev. Genet.*, in press.
- [7]. Allen, H. K., J. Donato, H. H. Wang, K. A. Cloud-Hansen, J. E. Davies, and J. Handelsman. 2010. Call of the wild: antibiotic resistance genes in natural environments. *Nat. Rev. Microbiol.*8:251-259.
- [8]. Aminov, R. I., and R. I. Mackie. 2007. Evolution and ecology of antibiotic resistance genes. *FEMS Microbiol. Lett.*271:147-161.
- [9]. Martinez, J. L. 2009. The role of natural environments in the evolution of resistance traits in pathogenic bacteria. *Proc. Biol. Sci.*276:2521-2530.
- [10]. Piddock, L. J. 2006. Multidrug-resistance efflux pumps—not just for resistance. *Nat. Rev. Microbiol.*4:629-636.
- [11]. Poole, K. 2005. Efflux-mediated antimicrobial resistance. *J. Antimicrob. Chemother.*56:20-51.
- [12]. Mendez, C., and J. Salas. 2001. The role of ABC transporters in antibiotic-producing organisms: drug secretion and resistance mechanisms. *Res. Microbiol.*152:341-350.
- [13]. Petkovic, H., J. Cullum, D. Hranueli, I. S. Hunter, N. Peric-Concha, J. Pigac, A. Thamchaipenet, D. Vujaklija, and P. F. Long. 2006. Genetics of *Streptomyces rimosus*, the oxytetracycline producer. *Microbiol. Mol. Biol. Rev.*70:704-728.
- [14]. Chater, K. F., and C. Bruton. 1985. Resistance, regulatory and production genes for the antibiotic methylenomycin are clustered. *EMBO J.*4:229-241.

- [15]. D'Costa, V. M., E. Griffiths, and G. D. Wright. 2007. Expanding the soil antibiotic resistome: exploring environmental diversity. *Curr. Opin. Microbiol.*10:481-489.
- [16]. Hopwood, D. A. 2007. How do antibiotic-producing bacteria ensure their self-resistance before antibiotic biosynthesis incapacitates them? *Mol. Microbiol.*63:937-940.
- [17]. World Health Organization. (2019). Global Antimicrobial Resistance Surveillance System (GLASS) Report.
- [18]. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2020). Antibiotic Use in the United States, 2018 Update: Progress and Opportunities.
- [19]. Spellberg, B., Bartlett, J. G., & Gilbert, D. N. (2013). The future of antibiotics and resistance: a tribute to a career of leadership by John Bartlett. *Clinical Infectious Diseases*, 56(9), 1287–1292. doi: 10.1093/cid/cit020.
- [20]. World Health Organization. (2022).
- [21]. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2019). Antibiotic Resistance Threats in the United States.
- [22]. World Health Organization. (2019). Antimicrobial Stewardship Programs in Health-Care Facilities.
- [23]. Tacconelli, E., Carrara, E., Savoldi, A., Harbarth, S., Mendelson, M., Monnet, D. L., ... & Olesen, S. W. (2018). Discovery, research, and development of new antibiotics: the WHO priority list of antibiotic-resistant bacteria and tuberculosis. *The Lancet Infectious Diseases*, 18(3), 318-327.
- [24]. Laxminarayan, R., Duse, A., Watal, C., Zaidi, A. K., Wertheim, H. F., Sumpradit & Greko, C. (2013). Antibiotic resistance—the need for global solutions. *The Lancet Infectious Diseases*, 13(12), 1057-1098.
- [25]. Pruden, A., Larsson, D. G., Amézquita, A., Collignon, P., Brandt, K. K., Graham & Snape, J. R. (2013). Management options for reducing the release of antibiotics and antibiotic resistance genes to the environment. *Environmental Health Perspectives*, 121(8), 878-885.