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CATARACTNET

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Abstract: Cataract is one of the most common eye disorders that affect people worldwide. It is a medical condition characterized by clouding of the natural lens of the eye, leading to vision distortion and eventual blindness. Accurate and timely detection of cataracts is crucial for its effective management and to prevent blindness. In this context, the paper proposes a novel deep neural network called Cataract Net for automatic cataract detection in fundus images. The authors design the network with smaller kernels, fewer parameters, and layers to reduce the computational cost and average running time of the model compared to other pre-trained convolutional neural network (CNN) models. The experimental results show that the proposed method outperforms state-of-the-art cataract detection approaches with an average accuracy of 99.13%.

Keywords: CNN, MobilenetV2.

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