

Water Pollution in India: Its Impact on the Human Health: Causes and Remedies

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Abstract: *Water contamination is a significant issue in India. In recent years, the issue at hand has grown significantly as a result of the processes of industrialization and urbanisation in India. The access to water is considered a fundamental human right. The Indian constitution does not explicitly recognise this particular right as a fundamental right. According to Article 21 of the Indian constitution, all individuals are granted the fundamental right to life. This article encompasses the fundamental entitlement to access potable water. The sustenance of human life is rendered impossible in the presence of water that has been contaminated. The attainment of pollution-free water is vital for the sustenance of a healthy lifestyle. Polluted water is identified as the underlying factor contributing to the development of several ailments. There exist multiple factors that contribute to water pollution. Polluted water originates from multiple sources, rather than being attributed to a singular point of origin. Article 47 of the legislation mandates that the state has the responsibility of enhancing the quality of life by elevating nutritional standards and promoting public health. The provision of clean water to the general people is a responsibility that falls under the purview of the state. Furthermore, in accordance with Article 51 (A) g, it is incumbent upon each individual as a citizen to assume the responsibility of safeguarding and enhancing the natural environment, encompassing woods, lakes, rivers, and wildlife, while also demonstrating empathy towards sentient beings.*

Keywords: Water contamination

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