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# A Study on Impact of Social Exclusion on Transgender Community in India

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Abstract: The words "trans" and "gender" serve as the etymological roots of the phrase "transgender." The first term is a Latin word that means "across" or "beyond." the grammatical definition of "transgender" is beyond or across gender. Humans have certain fundamental liberties and rights that are part of their existence just by virtue of being born as humans. These rights cannot be altered or suspended by any authority. They comprise the rights to freedom of expression and thought, as well as the rights to life, freedom, equality, and dignity. Living a dignified existence, which is protected by Article 21 of Indian constitution, includes having the freedom to determine one's own gender identity. The development of the transgender community or communities (hence referred to as TGC) has been hampered by a number of struggles and barriers. Despite the notion that knowledge may set individuals free from all societal ills, the degree of education in these locations is alarmingly low. According to the 2011 census data, India is home to 4.9 million transgender persons. The population has a low percentage of literacy, according to data. Just 46% of transsexuals are literate, which is much lower than the population's average literacy rate of 74%. People can reclaim their respect, status, and dignity with the use of education. The freedom to attain wellbeing and live with dignity is guaranteed by the Indian constitution to everyone, irrespective of caste, race, or gender. Transgender people are now recognised as a "disadvantaged category" in the school system under the Right to Education Act.. Transgender people frequently can be seen pleading for money on traffic signals, local trains, subways, bus stops, and other public spaces. This is a result of their seclusion. You can observe them to be involved in forced prostitution, and forced begging, all of which expose them to various hazards such HIV/AIDS and sexually transmitted illnesses (STDs) (HIVs). According to WHO(year) research on transgender people, the global HIV prevalence among transgender people is predicted to be 49 times higher than the prevalence among other adults of reproductive age.

Keywords: TGS: Transgender communities, HIV: human immunodeficiency virus, WHO: world health organisation

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