

Migration of People Paving Way to the Establishment of Udupi Eateries

Ms. Rachna Shivaraman

Asst. Lecturer, ICLE'S Motilal Jhunjhunwala College of Arts, Commerce and Science, Vashi, Navi Mumbai
rachna.shivaram@gmail.com

Abstract: *People migrate from one place to another for several reasons but the goal or main reason behind changing the residence would be improving their living conditions. Migration is also a social phenomenon which influences human life and the environment. The city of dreams – Mumbai has been home to innumerable migrants. The advent of indigenous communities witnessed the approaching of multicultural. Any discussion about the city of Mumbai would be incomplete without mentioning its rich and varied food culture. The city has shown an amazing adaptability of the food introduced by people of varied cultures and regions. The key aspect of the establishment of restaurant culture in the city of Mumbai is because of the arrival of migrants from different parts of the nation. The city's Improvement Trust created space for commercial development of the city which led to the establishment of restaurants. The popular Udupi restaurants have also been established following the same path. This paper sheds light on how the coming of migrants resulted in establishment of Udupi Eateries in the city of Dreams - Mumbai*

Keywords: Migrants, Mumbai, Udupi restaurants

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- [1]. The Gazetteer of Bombay City and Island, Volume 3, Times Press Publication, Bombay, 1910
- [2]. Gazetteer of Bombay Presidency, Volume XV, Part I: Kanara, Bombay, 1883
- [3]. Karnataka State Gazetteer, 'South Kanara District', Government of Karnataka Publication, Karnataka, 1973
- [4]. Breckenridge Carol (eds) 'Consuming Modernity: Public Culture in a South Asian World', University of Minnesota Press, London, 1995
- [5]. Crowther Gillian, 'Eating Culture: An Anthropological Guide to Food', Second Edition, University of Toronto Press, 2018
- [6]. David M.D, 'Bombay -The city of Dreams' Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1995 Doshi Dhvani, Dhariwal Madhuri, "Udupi Restaurants in Mumbai" in Verghese Anila, Kamath Swarupa, Poncha Rashna (eds), 'Mumbai Socio – Cultural Perspectives: Contribution of Ethnic Groups and Communities', Primus Books, Delhi 2018
- [7]. Dash Madulika, 'Food for Gods and Humans Alike: The Story of Udupi Cuisines' in Swarajya Magazine, 3 rd. September 2016, <https://swarajyamag.com/culture/food-for-gods-and-humansalike-the-story-of-udupi-cuisine>
- [8]. Dwivedi Sharadha and Mehrotra Rahul, 'Bombay- The cities Within' Indian Book House, Mumbai, 1995
- [9]. Joshi Pankaj, Shah Vimal (eds) 'Revisioning Mumbai: Conceiving A Manifesto for Sustainable Development', Asiatic Society of Mumbai, 2010
- [10]. K.C. Zachariah, 'Bombay Migration Study: A Pilot Analysis of Migration to an Asian Metropolis' in Demography, volume 3, issue 2, 1966, <https://www.jstor.org/stable/2060165>
- [11]. Prabhakaran Rajish, 'Madras Café – Best South Indian Restaurant in Matunga: Mumbai.' 31st August, 2018 <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qsfbJG3Gq10&t=8>
- [12]. Roncaglia Sara, 'Feeding The city: Work and Food Culture of The Mumbai Dabbawallas', Open Book Publisher, Cambridge, 2013
- [13]. Tumble Chinmay 'India Moving: A History of Migration' Penguin Books, 2019

- [14]. Team IIM, 'The Real-Life MBA - How Matunga's famous South Indian restaurant, Cafe Madras is run' ,1st July 2016
- [15]. <https://insideiim.com/the-real-life-mba-the-story-of-cafe-madras-a-famous-south-indian-restaurant-in-mumbai>