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Malware Identification and Classification using Random Forest Algorithms

H Mangalam, Kiruthika K, Pooja J M, Priya T

Department of ECE

Sri Ramakrishna Engineering College, Coimbatore, India

Abstract: The rapid expansion of malware is now the biggest danger to information security due to the current wave of technical breakthroughs. Numerous thousands of new malware programmes are created daily and propagated around the internet. Malware varieties are always changing, and these harmful software programmes can be categorized as viruses, trojan horses, worms, spyware, botnet malware, ransomware, etc. The identification and categorization of malware is a critical component for many business programmes that provide protection to an organization's data and end-to-end monitoring of the resources accessible by various users. This model can determine a files maliciousness based on its static data or other important characteristics. The idea behind the proposed methodology is to work on the dataset which consists of the signature of malware and identify the characteristics and features to detect the differently classified malwares based on the machine learning algorithms. Our aim is to effectively detect and categorize malware in order to protect the user information from the cyber threats.

Keywords: Malware, security, detection, classification, maliciousness, cyber threats

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