

Review Paper on SignSense : An AI Framework for Sign Language Recognition

Prof. V. M. Dilpak¹, Rewa S. Joshi², Harshada K. Sonje³

Professor, Department of Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning¹

Students, Department of Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning^{2,3}

All India Shri Shivaji Memorial Society Polytechnic, Pune, Maharashtra, India

Abstract: *In this project, we propose an ensemble learning-based system for Sign Language Recognition (SLR) integrated with an Explainable AI (XAI) component called SignExplainer. Our goal is to enhance transparency and trust in SLR systems by providing interpretable predictions. The ensemble learning architecture is designed to recognize sign gestures from images, and the SignExplainer module generates statistical values to evaluate prediction correctness. Performance evaluation on benchmark datasets like ASL and BSL demonstrates the effectiveness of our approach in interpreting predictions from various machine learning and deep learning models. Future work aims to extend this methodology to real-time applications and other Sign Languages, advancing accessibility and inclusivity for the hearing-impaired community*

Keywords: Deep learning, computer vision, explainable AI, SignExplainer, classification, sign language, technological development

REFERENCES

- [1]. Lundberg, S. M., & Lee, S. I. (2017). A unified approach to interpreting model predictions. In Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems (NeurIPS) (pp. 4765-4774).
- [2]. Ribeiro, M. T., Singh, S., & Guestrin, C. (2016). "Why should I trust you?" Explaining the predictions of any classifier. In Proceedings of the 22nd ACM SIGKDD International Conference on Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining (pp. 1135-1144).
- [3]. Camgoz, N. C., Hadfield, S., & Bowden, R. (2018). Neural Sign Language Translation. In Proceedings of the IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR) Workshops (pp. 1989-198906).
- [4]. Assaleh, K., Al-Nafjan, A., & Al-Mualla, M. (2018). Sign Language Recognition Using Machine Learning Techniques: A Review. Journal of King Saud University - Computer and Information Sciences, 30(3), 395-405.