

# Study of Fundamental Right of Right to Free and Speedy Trial in India with Special Reference to Judicial Pronouncements

**Rajjot Singh**

LL.M Corporate and Commercial Law (Sem 2)  
School of Law, Sandip University, Nashik, Maharashtra, India  
Rajjot2000@gmail.com

**Abstract:** *In India, Article 21 of the Constitution governs the right of fair trial and a fair trial implies speedy trial. The Fundamental right to free and speedy trial is a cornerstone of India's legal system, enshrined in the Constitution to safeguard individual's right to justice. No Procedure can be just, fair and reasonable unless the procedure ensures a speedy and fair trial for either finalizing and proving the guilt of the accused person or determining the not guilty and proving his innocence. The Prolonged trial detention of an individual in prison behind bars jeopardizes his personal liberty as such speedy trial is an integral and essential part of the fundamental right of right and personal liberty as This research paper highlights the Constitutional provisions, judicial interpretations, challenges, Landmark Case laws and the potential reforms concerning the aspect of Right to free and speedy trial as an aspect in the Indian Legal framework. Through a multi-dimensional analysis, this paper aims to provide insights into the practical implications and the evolving the landscape of the right to free and speedy trial in India.*

**Keywords:** Criminal, trial, prisoners, unfair detention, fundamental right, Speed trial.

## REFERENCES

- [1]. Beg, M. H. (1978, 01 25). *Indiankanoon*. Retrieved from Indiankanoon.com: <https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1766147>
- [2]. Bhagwati, P. (n.d.).
- [3]. Bhagwati, P. (1979, 03 09). *Indiankanoon*. Retrieved from Indiankanoon: [www.indiankanoon.org](http://www.indiankanoon.org)
- [4]. Bhagwati, P. (1986, august 13). *indiankanoon*. Retrieved from [indiankanoon](http://indiankanoon.org).
- [5]. Bhattacharya, M. (2023, march 24). *casemine*. Retrieved from [casemine](https://www.casemine.com/search/in/amarendra%2Bnath%2Bdutta):
- [6]. Misra, D. (2012, february 2012). *Indiankanoon*. Retrieved from [indiankanoon](https://indiankanoon.org/doc/146351380/):
- [7]. Reddy, B. J. (1991, December 10). *indiankanoon*. Retrieved from [indiankanoon](https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1200243/):
- [8]. Sahai, R. (1994, march 11). *indiankanoon*. Retrieved from [Indiankanoon](https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1813801/) :
- [9]. Sanshwalia, S. (1986, July 11). *indiankanoon*. Retrieved from [indian kanoon](https://indiankanoon.org/doc/1342424/#:~:text=Ultimately%2C%20on%20the%201st%20October,the%20Full%20Bench%20decision%20in):